WHITE POLE MEETING HOUSE

HILLSBORO, WEST VIRGINIA



Property of Pocahontas County Historical Society THE

WHITE POLE MEETING HOUSE HILLSBORO, WEST VIRGINIA

BY

FRANK A. JOHNSON

(Now See by of the Welhodist Historical Society)

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FRANKLIN, WEST VIRGINIA 1963 Many factors enter into the making of a Church history, but the greatest factor in the building of the White Pole Meeting House was the experience pioneer John McNeel had with God. His great deliverance, sincerity and strength caused him to carry out a pledge to God.

It may be that in old Scotland the McNeels were Presbyterians and after suffering severe hardships came to the new world and as some one has said, "Took to the Methodist preaching." Martha Davis, of Wales, had been inspired by the Methodist. The Bible had become her guide and she brought it with her for life guidance into the new lands as a source of strength and comfort in her new home. With John McNeel, she became a forceful cornerstone in the establishment of Methodist in the Meeting House on Mount Tabor close to their wilderness cabin.

The Kinnisons, of English background, all, at first, followed the Methodist way. The Hillsboro group of the Beard Family came largely from Renick's valley where they were Methodist. Here, they married with the Poages, who were staunch Presbyterians. The Hills and the Burnsides, among the first families, like wise were Methodist. The first Callisons came as Quakers. They invited the Methodist ministers to preach in their homes and for years have held the Methodist beliefs. Hardesty in his encyclopedia gives four families as the original proprietors of the village of Hillsboro as follows: John Hill, Davis Poage Nathaniel Kinnison and James Lewis. Of these only the Poages were Presbyterians.

The early Methodis were not entangled by ecclesiasticism as were the other early Churches of the frontier and for that reason they coulfollow the settlers into the Western Wilderness. So in West Virginia today nearly fifty per cent of all Church membership is Methodist. In

1758 there were only eight known Methodist in America, but in thirtyeight years they could be found from Maine to Phorida and west to the
Mississippi river. In twenty years, or by 1788, the membership of the
Greenbrier Circuit of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Western Virgin
is was 215 and at Academy fifteen. I am afraid we have not continued
with the energy and foresight of our forebearers.

This history has been made by the people of the Little Levels community and by the many devout ministers of the Gospel that have been sent here to guide them.

Permission has been given by various authors of late date for quotations given in this history and I have tried to give credit where due. However, some information has been absorbed by the author from many sources over the years until it is impossible to give the exact source of some descriptions.

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Frank A. Johnson

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THE WHITE POLE MEETING HOUSE CHAPTER I

LOCATION OF THE "WHITE POLE MEETING HOUSE"

In the mystic ages of the past the mountains were made by God's Word. God smoothed out some valleys in what we know today as the Allegheny mountains. The Great Level's were so made in the region of Frankfort and Levisburg in Greenbrier County, West Virginia. The same action took place, yet on a smaller scale, which produced what is called the Little Levels in Pocahontas County, West Virginia, Through both regions flows the Greenbrier river. It was named by Colonel John Lewis, who had been grievously entangled by the times of such a brier in this territory. *1. Through the Little Levels section flow three creeks into the Greenbrier river: Stephen Hole Eun flows out of a cave which was for a short time in 1751-1752 the home of Stephen Sewell, for whom it is named, one of the first settlers of what is now Pocahontas County, West Virginia; Stamping Creek, so named for the stamping of the thundering herds at their watering places; Locust Creek named for the great number of locust trees that stood around the head and banks of this stream. Hill's Creek, in the Lobelia section near the homestead of our Pioneer Richard Hill, disappears under the mountain and it is believed that it finally emerges from the base of Droop mountain as Locust Creek. It was to this region that the wandering steps of our Church forefathers were directed by an unerring Providence.

On John Lewis' and his son Andrew's preliminary trip through here in 1751, they met Jacob Marlin, for whom Marlinton is named, and Stephen Sewell, afore mentioned, in what is now the town of Marlinton. *2,3.

^{*1.} Rose W. Fry, "Recollections of the Rev. John McElhenny, D.D.", (Richmond, 1893) pp. 107-108.

2. William Price, "History of Pocahontas County, West Virginia", (Marlinton, 1901) pp. 105-107.

2. They had come to make surveys for the Greenbrier Land Company of the one hundred thousand acres that had been granted that corporation. *1. They located lands for Loses Loore on Swago Creek and James Burnside on the Greenbrier river in 1751-1752, and perhaps some for themselves. *2. No more surveys were made near the Little Levels until 1769 or later. *2.

A young man had been picked by our God to fufill a great plan for His Church here. In the Cumberland Valley, a preacher, Robert Strawbridge, brings for the first time the Lethodist preaching to that region. *3. We do not know what attendance was given it by the young man, John McNeill, who had just recently come from his home on the Cacapon river in Frederick County, west of Winchester, Virginia. He was a youth of twenty years, strong and quick tempered. In an altercation that took place near what is now Cumberland, Maryland, where he intended to start for himself a new home, he thought he had killed his antagonist, so he fled in terror for refuge to the Allegheny mountains. *4. Crossing peak after peak, over valleys and through vales, feeding upon roots, game and fish, he finally came to the site of the Little Levels about 1765. *5. With John McNeel began the Mistory of the White Pole Meeting-Hause, which must have been the first Church ever erected west of the Allegheny mountains. *6,7.

Here he felt a sense of security hemmed in on every side with mountain ranges. It looked to him as though Caanan was stretched out in the heights of the well watered Alleghenies covered at that time with a great forest of oaks, maples, chestnuts and poplars. Building a bark

136. 6. Hardesty, p. 365. *7. Fry, p.71.

^{*1.} Virgil A. Lewis, "Listory and Government of West Virginia", (New York, 1922) p.53. 2. Henry S. Green, "Bienniel Peport of the Department of Archives and History of 'est Virginia", (Charleston, 1914) p.21. (Baltimore, 1907) p.70. "History of the Old Baltimore Conference" 4. H.H. Hardesty, Mardesty's Historical and Georgraphical Encyclopedia" "Special History of the Virginias" Maps and Histories of Green-brier, Pocahontas and Correct Carrier Maps and Histories of Greenbrier, Pocahontas and Lonroe Counties, West Virginia" (New York, 1883) 5. William Price, "Mistory of Pocahontas County" (Marlinton, 1901) p. 6. Hardesty, p. 365, 17 Processing Proce

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Was one of the earliest pioneers in the wilds of West Augusta and the first actual settler on the Little Levels, now in Pocahontas county. He was born near Winchester, Virginia, but early in life went to the Cumberland valley, in Maryland. Here, soon after his settlement, he had an altercation with a young man which resulted in a hand-to-hand fight, and Mr. McNeel, believing that he had killed his antagonist, fled to the wilderness, and after some time spent in wandering amid the wild solitudes of the Alleghanies, he came upon what has ever since been known as the Little Levels. It was a beautiful little valley, hemmed in on all sides by lofty mountain ranges, and here the wanderer and, as he supposed, fugitive from justice, decided to make his future home. Here he reared his lonely cabin. This was about the year 1765, two years after the destruction of the Muddy Creek settlement in Greenbrier, and four years before Col. John Stuart came to the site of old Fort Union.

A short time after Mr. McNeel had occupied his cabin he was out hunting; greatly to his surprise, he met Charles and James Kennison, two white men, who were searching for a suitable site to found a home. From them he learned that the man whom he supposed he had killed, had not died and in fact had not been seriously injured. To him, this was joyful news, for the thought of having caused the death of a fellow-man was the most dreadful to contemplate. The Kennisons accompanied him to his lonely retreat, and with him as a guide soon found lands upon which they resolved to settle, then all three returned east of the mountains to make preparations for their removal into the wilderness.

During their stay in the valley Mr. McNeel wooed and won the heart and hand of a lady named Martha Davis. She was born in Wales in 1743, and at an early date had accompanied her parents to Virginia. Now she prepared to go to the wilderness and share the toils and hardships of a pioneer home. The man to whom she had given the best affections of her heart was worthy of the trust. All things were gotten ready, the journey made and the final home was reached. A few acres of land were cleared, and then, Mr. McNeel remembered his duty to his God, and with his own hands reared a small log cabin in which his neighbors and himself might worship Him who heareth the ravens when they cry, and who watcheth over the wanderer in the wilderness or the mariner upon the ocean. This temple dedicated by its builder to the worship of the Builder of the Universe was called the White Pole Church, and was, in all probability, the first ever erected west of the Alleghany mountains.

At length Dunmore's war broke out, and Mr. McNeel, together with his neighbors, the Kennisons, repaired to Camp Union, enlisted and accompanied General Lewis to Point Pleasant, where they participated in the bloody battle of October 10, 1774. During their absence a child of Mr. McNeel died, and the mother, heroine as she was, constructed a rude coffin, dug a narrow grave, and with her own hands laid the infant away to rest.

This is a photostatic copy of a part of page 365 of Hardesty's Encyclopedia.

lean-to against a low knoll on the south side, opposite what now is the McNeel Cemetery, (Called a "camp" by Minnie Wallace in "History of the Hillsboro Community" p.14) he began to live a precarious existance as a fugitive from justice. We know not of his dreams of the future. Guilt on his conscience made him very humble and cautious.

Again God moved, and two brothers, Charles and Jacob Kinnison, *1,2. also of the Cacapon valley having heard of the good lands from a demented neighbor(*3.) decided upon an exploration of the wilds of the western wilderness. So exploring, they came upon John McNeel as he was hunting game. *4. He was quickly recognized and hailed. For him there was no escape, but the news was good. His antagonist was not dead. The wounds had not even been serious; therefore, John McNeel was a free man and he could return without fear to his old home.

That joy! What relief! Now good God had been! I can almost see him embracing his friends in his new found peace. For awhile they shared his lean-to and assisted him in building a cabin. He, in turn, persuaded them of the good land and helped them locate favorable home THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T sites.

Then the three made a journey back to the Cacapon valley for the expressed purpose of preparing to establish permanent homes west of the mountains. There John met a young Welsh girl by the name of Martha Davis. She was of sturdy stock, religious, just and good. *5. Nartha had been born in Wales January 28, 1742 at about eight o'clock in the She was the daughter of Thomas and Anne Davis. *6. She had

A STATE OF THE STA

^{*1.} William Price, p.136. 2. Mary Isetta Wallace, "History of Hillsboro Community" p.15.

^{3.} William Price, p. 149.

^{4.} Wallace, p. 14.

all print a train a graph of the con-5. William Price, p. 137. 6. Old Welsh Bible owned by Miss Mary Thrasher, Bridgewater, Va. (fly leaf) This Bible is very old and has bound within its covers the Four Gospels and the book of Psalms. It does not have any of the writings of the apostle Paul or the other general epistles.

a contract to the contract of 4. brought with her to this country her Welsh Bible from the region where the Methodist, Charles "esley and Howell Harris, had preached the Gospel to thousands of her countrymen.

John McNeel likely attended "meeting" with this devout young roman and she being convinced of his sincerity and trustworthiness accepted li sh his suit and determined to face life with him in West Augusta. After the the wedding she accompanied him to this trackless wilderness - facing TOIS privation and lack of comforts in the little cabin, to walk during the the day in apprehension of the Indians and at night-time to rest with him by the fireside hearing the densions of the wild send out their blood curdling cries as they sought their prey. She remembered God and His Word and so carried to her new home in the Little Levels her Bible to add to her spiritual well-being. A decendent tells that she also brought a tow tick from her old Virginia home for their physical comfort.

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Charles Kinnison was successful in wooing. He won his bride, Miss Martha Day, whose mother had sometime previously been killed by an Indian raiding party. *1. At the same time hartha had been captured but was rescued by her brother, John, accompanied in the rescue by twenty pioneer neighbors who followed the Indians. *2. As a bride Martha, too, came to the Little Levels with Charles the same year.

Jacob Kinnison married and established his home east of the present town of Hillsboro, on the farm later owned by the late Nathaniel Kinnison. (It is now owned by Clarence Beard, Forest Beard, Mrs. Snowden Rose, Gay Pyles and others.) The Kinnisons continued to labor and neighbor with John McNeel until each was contented in his cabin and had sufficient land cleared to raise crops to suppliment the supply of

^{*1.} William Price, p. 150. 2. F. B. Kegley, "History of the Virginia Frontier" (Roanoke, John Day's account.

region there

the Go and fish so plentiful in this region. with the settling of these pioneers began the history of Methodism in the Little Levels, 'For John McNeel, soon after his home was established, in thanksgiving for his wonderful deliverance, built a cabin (As the historian, Hardesty, says,) "in which his neighbors and he might worship Him who heareth the ravens when they cry, and who watcheth over the wanderor in the wilderness, or the mariner upon the sea." *1.

The site chosen for this house of worship was the sentinel-like summit of a steep knoll above his cabin, (in what is now the) cNeel cemetery) and from it could be seen to the north, the south, the east and the rest the beautiful Levels and the surrounding mountains. This hill was named "Mount Tabor" indicating 'a place of pilgrimage, and 'the scene of transfiguration'. "Tabor and Hermon shall rejoice in Thy name," (Psalms 89:12)

We know not the exact date, but upon ht. Tabor John heleel built with his own hands a structure which came to be known as the "white Pole heeting House." This was , in all probability, to house the oldest continuing Methodist congregation west of the Allegheny mountains. Of course, this Church -- as a building -- does not stand today: but in truth, a Church is not just a building -- , but its people. That Church still stands. It has never fallen by the wayside. Since before the Revolutionary War, it has been continually on the battle front against sin and wickedness. "The LORD's portion is His people. " (Deuteronomy 32:9) *2.

It has been said that our Church's claim to being the oldest in the trans-Allegheny territory is based upon "tradition". "Tradition"

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^{*1.} H. H. Hardesty, Hardesty's Historical and Geographical Encyclopedia" "Special Histories of the Virginias" "Maps and Histories of Greenbrier, Focahontas and Monroe Counties, West Virginia" (New York, 1883) p. 365. 2. King James Version of the Holy Bible.

actually means "information passed on from generation to generation to generation to generation to generation to generation to generate the based upon fact. Since the word of mouth" and can or cannot be based upon fact. Since the knowledge of the knowledge o edge that we have concerning John McNeel's building of the white loss Meeting House soon after settling in the Little Levels has been patty on from generation to generation of decendents who occupy the homester of their pioneer ancestor, it would seem that that information might h accepted as factual -- especially, as there has never been any substant tial modification of it. Hardesty records it as factual in his histon Written records also state that "soon after his (John) return to the Levels" or "after clearing a FEW acres of ground" (*1,2.) John McNeel built a cabin for the worship of God." Certainly those statements indicate that only a short time lapsed after the establishing of his home before he demonstrated his gratitude to God for delivering him from the terrible thought that he had taken the life of one of his fellowmen. Too, it is most likely that a man of John McNeel's spiritual stamina would in haste, express by work, as well as by words of praise, his thanks for God's safe keeping of his wife, his son and his home in the wilds of western Virginia.*3. Perhaps, the very fact that he named his first son, "Abraham," was an indication of his religious cravings, for as Abraham he had gone out not knowing whither he went; as Abraham he had been led into a good land; and as Abraham he builded an altar.

The most convincing evidence of the early presence of the white Pole Meeting House is based upon an occurance that took place during the service of John McNeel in Lord Dunmore's war. Hearing the call of his Commonwealth to protect the frontier from Indian depredations, he, along with William Clendenning, Joseph Day, George Clendenning, and

^{*1.} Hardesty, p. 365:

2. James E. Armstrong, History of the Old Baltimore Conference"

(Baltimore, 1907) p. 70.

3. Old Welsh Bible (Date of sons birth and other data. This is on

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TOMBSTONE OF ABRAHAM MONEEL

In the vacant place back of this tombstone is the site of the White Pole Meeting House.

TOMBSTONES OF JOHN & MIRIAM JORDAN

These stones mark the graves and the site of the Mill Run Church. This is in the midst of an acre of land given by John and Miriam for Church.

The grave cover of the baby boy of John and Martha McNeel. Buried by mother back of White Pole Meeting House in October, 1774, while John was at Point Pleasant



These tombstones of John and Martha McNeel are beside the baby boy's stone above. The baby's stone is between John's and their oldest son, Abraham's artistically carved stone (See left). Martha's is the large right stone with cover.



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Charles Kinnison enlisted in John Stewart's Company of Greenbrier Volumteers in the Botetourt Regiment and marched to Point Pleasant where battle raged on October 10, 1774. *1,2. During this absence of her husband, Martha Davis McNeel gave birth to a son which soon sickened and died. She, with her own hands prepared the body for burial, dug a grave on Mount Tabor and there buried her child. *3. Without doubt the White Pole Meeting House was then standing, for buriel in Church yards was the custom of the day. And it is hard to believe that any mother would carry her baby for burial to such a lonely knoll, even though beautiful, unless she could find spiritual solace there. Many have seen this little grave just back of where the White Pole Meeting House stood. The late Mrs. Lydia Sydenstricker told me of being shown the grave. (Please see the photograph of this grave beside that of John McNeel's grave in page of illustrations.)

The fact that it is called a "Meeting House" would indicate that it was built before the Act of Toleration in 1785. *4,5. It is an old or inadequate building when the deed was made to the Methodist Episcopal Church by John and Martha McNeel in 1799. For the deed insists upon the building of a new Church. *6. If it had not been built until 1790 neither mingt have been true. There are several interpretations that could be given Bishop "That coat's account in his Journal of the "exhortations to N. C." in Little Levels in 1790, *7. One is that the letters

^{*1.} Virgil A. Lewis, "History and Government of West Virginia" (New York, 1922).

^{2.} Lewis, "History of the Battle of Point Pleasant" (Charleston, 1909)

^{4.} Charles H. Ambler, "West Virginia, The Mountain State" (New York, 1933)

^{5.} Lewis, "History and Government of West Virginia" (New York, 1922) 8. Deed for land containing Mt. Tabor Church given to the Methodist Episcopal Church by John and Martha McNeel in 1799. The original doed is in the Methodist Historial at West Virginia Wesleyan College. 7. Richard Whatcoat, "Journal of" August : 1; 1769-1790

"N" and "C" in Whatcoat short hand may mean a new "class" or as the Reverend Lawrence Sherwood suggests a, "Negro Class" as there were vants who were Nethodist. Whatcoat would not likely be exhorting a New Chapel, but to a group of people. The deed of 1799 is the fits deed to the Methodist Episcopal Church. Yet we know of a Methodist anization at least as early as 1787.

It is believed by some that William Phoebus established preaching the White Pole Church at about the time traveled this mountain region with Edward Keenan who gave the lot and helped build "Old Rehoboth", was while traveling over Peter's mountain in company with Phoebus that Edward Keenam was converted. *1,2.

Bennett says in his history that local preacher mainly established Methodism in Botetourt and Greenbrier Counties. *3,4. When John Smith, the first minister assigned by the Baltimore Conference to this section was in 1787 speaking of "new ground" (*5) He likely referred to new lost places, for already Jacob Cook (*6) had been preaching for several yes It is quite likely that Valentine Cook, Jr. (*7) began his ministry to ing the stay of John Smith on this Circuit. If Jacob Cook preached at the White Pole Meeting House, his ministry came sometime between 1782 and 1787 as did that of Phoebus. The other local preachers (*8) of Oli Rehoboth could have preached here and were of course used in the organization of this charge in 1787. *9.

2. Rev. Lawrence Sherwood's Letters to Frank A. Johnson.

^{*1.} James E. Armstrong, "History of the Old Baltimore Conference" (Baltimore, 1907).

^{3.} Armstrong, p. 272.

^{4.} Armstrong, Quote from Bennett p. 336. 5. John Smith, "Journal of 1786-1788" pl8.

^{6.} Armstrong, p.71.
7. "Minutes of the General Conference and the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church" (1783-1848)

^{8.} Armstrong, p.7. Sherwood, "Letters"

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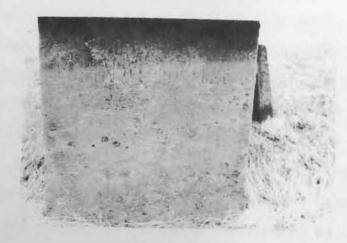
aference

The soldiers returned but not to remain. The struggle between the Mother Country and her American Colonies was rapidly verging to a crisis, and they at once crossed the mountains and joined the patriot army, in which they served until they saw the thirteen feeble colonies of 1776 the recognized nation of 1783.

If the traveler who visits the beautiful little mountain town of

Hillsboro, will stroll a mile and a half to the north of that village he will reach a beautiful cemetery in which repose many of the pioneers of Pocahontas county. There sleep John McNeel and his wife, Charles and Edward Kennison and their wives, and several other heroes of Point Pleasant and patriots of the Revolution.

No historian has inscribed their names high upon the pillar of fame, but their memory lives where they would have wished it to live-in the hearts of those who dwell among the mountains, where they themselves first planted the banner of civilization.



The gravestone of John McNeel, age 80 years.

It is said that thishop Asbury, the great apostle of Methodism, was the first minister who visited the Little Levels, and that as early as 1789 he preached in the little "White Pole Church," erected by John McNeel, as elsewhere mentioned. The tradition is doubtless true, for it is substantiated by general records of the church. It appears that the first organization was perfected here in the last named year, and at the time the members composing the church were John McNeel, Martha McNeel, James Lewis and wife, Alexander Wadell and wife, Charles Kennison, Jacob Kennison, Mrs. James Brinnell, John Switzer and wife, Richard Hill, Nancy Hill, and Abraham McNeel and wire.

Hillsboro, the only village in the district, is situated on the Little Levels, 34 miles northeast of Lewisburg, and 17 miles southwest of Huntersville, the county-eat. It was laid out in 1843, by Joseph Brown, a Presbyterian minister and school teacher. The original proprietors were John Hill, Davis Poage,

Nathaniel Kennison and James Lewis.

Photostats of part of page 369 of Hardesty's, containing the record of membership of church.

THE CIRCUIT RIDER, JOHN SMITH AND BISHOF ASBURY

Now begins our story of the Methodist Circuit riders who came here.

paul Neff Garber, in his book, "The Methodist Meeting House" says, "The
circuit riders were pioneers. Yhey did not wait until cities were
founded to proclaim their message; they went searching for souls on
every frontier." Again he says, "When Bishop Asbury saw people almost
foodless, shelterless clothless, toiling along on foot or horseback accross the Allegheny mountains, he wrote in his Journal, "We must send
preachers after these people." Keeping up with the frontier became an
obsession." Stephen A. Douglas once declared that the Methodist preacher with his saddle bags carried civilization throughout the vest.

Until 1787 this region was missionary territory or was under the directorate of the Bedford Circuit, but in that year the General Conference divided it into the Bedford and the Greenbrier Circuits. The General Minutes gives Greenbrier's total membership as one hundred. *1. The oldest documentary record that we have names John Smith as the first rider appointed to the Greenbrier Circuit. He was assigned by the General Conference which convened July 3, 1787.

It was on September 19, 1787, that he arrived in the Little Levels for the first time, having come here from Anthony's Creek. He stayed all night at the home of James Callison (a Quaker) where he preached the next evening. He then rode thirty miles to Boggs' at the mouth of Spring Creek where he preached and stayed that night. *2. It was on October 17, 1787, that he first came to John McNeels where he preached and remained two days.*3. At no time does he tell us about the McNeels

2. "Journal of John Smith 1786-1788." p. 21.

3. Smith, p. 31.

^{*1.} Minutes, "General Conference and Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church" (1783-18480) 1787.

themselves or of the church in which services were held. This tank unusal, for early official records very often, instead of litting the name of the church, gave the name of the frontiersman in whose home services were first held. However, he did continue to come regular, their place for services when the weather permitted him to do so,

His various visits at McNeel's and vacinity are mentioned as follows in his Journal:

"Wed. 17 (October, 1787) Fode about 30 miles over hills and mountains from Anthonys Creek to the Little Levels - - -

"Thurs. 18 Preached at John McNeals there was many attended several were affected and I hope my labor was not in vain. ---

(It seems that he came directly to mcNeel's this time for he preached at James Callison's on Friday 19th) *1.

"The 16817 (Nov.) Preached in the Little Levels. *2.

"Wed April 2 (1788) Rode about 30 Miles over Mountains about dusk got to the Greenbrier River but cou'd not cross Lodg'd at C. Hamilton

"Thurs (April) Swam our horses crost the river and rode up to the Little Levels to A rich poor man's. He had great possessions of land and stock yet appears to have nothing. When we got there they had a sick cow in the house with them which made it appear as if I had got in to a cow pen. My Master had to lay down amongst beast and should I think hard. Lord help me to bear all things to thy Glory - - -

"Sat. (April) 5 Preached at Clendenin's Fort Many attended and I believe the spirit was in the Word and reached many heart's from thence rode 30 miles Down again Lodg's at watt(s - - (Probably at the mouth of Spring Creek) *4.

"In July met with Mr. Asbury and traveled with him through my

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^{*}John Smith, Journal of, (1786-1788) p. 31 3. Smith, p. 52.

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circuit." *1. (It is of interest to know that Bishop Asbury is said to have, during his Episcopate, traveled 227,000 miles, preached 1600 sermons, ordained 4000 ministers and sat as president of 224 Annual Conferences.)

John Smith was a man of weak constitution (*2) but usually traveled thirty or forty miles a day on horseback, sometimes preaching two or three times.

At a Conference held at Rehoboth on the 5th and 6th of July, 1778, at a Quarterly Meeting, Bishop Asbury ordained our pastor, John Smith, a peacon. Thus he became the first Methodist preacher to be ordained west of the Allegheny mountains. *3. He says of this, "The 5 & 6 days of July we held Q. Meeting in the Sinks of the Greenbrier where I was ordained Deacon O: that God may make me faithful to my trust. From thence on the 6th I set out for Philadelphia." *4.

On the visit to McNeel's on July 1788 he was accompanied by Bishop Asbury, William Phoebus and Valentine Cook, Jr... *5. William Phoebus became a great Doctor of Medicine in New York and Valentine Cook, Jr., just in the beginning of his career, was to become one of the greatest preachers of his day. Rev. John Smith in his Journal never mentions receiving any members at McNeel's. Yet it seems as though he may have had a very fruitful ministry. At the close of the year there were fifteen members of the White Pole Church and a total membership on the Green-brier Circuit of 215. *6./.

On Tuesday July 6, 1788; Bishop Francis Asbury in his Journal says:

^{*1.} John Smith's Journal p. 55. 2. Abel Stevens, History of American Methodism" (New York,)p.147.

^{3.} Lawrence Sherwood, "John Shith, Pioneer Circuit Rider".

^{4.} Smith, p. 55.

^{5. &}quot;Bi shop Francis Asbury Journal" (July 1788)

^{6.} Hardesty, p. 369.
7. Minutes "General Conference and Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church" (1783-1848)

together, with whom I found freedom on Matt. 11:26-30. Our Brother Phoebus had to answer questions propounded to him till evening. *1. The Table Grace sung by Asbury was:

"Be present at our table, Lord, Be here and everywhere adored. Be here to bless and grant that we May feast in Paradise with Thee." *2. A recon

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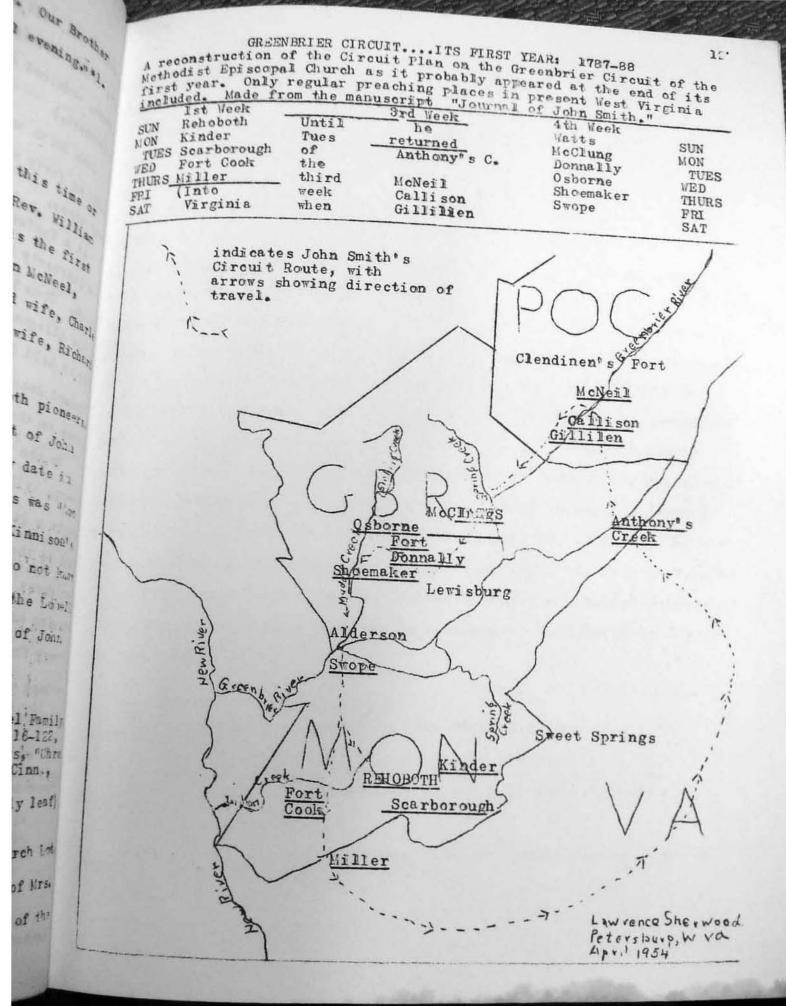
The organization of this Church was likely perfected at this time or earlier because of the question period conducted by the Rev. William Phoebus. The membership of the "White Pole Church" on this the first visit of Asbury according to the church records were: John McNeel, Martha McNeel, James Lewis, and wife, Alexander Wadell and wife, Charle and Jacob Kinnison, Mrs. James Brinnell, John Switzer and wife, Richard Hill, Nancy Hill, and Abraham McNeel and wife. *3.

Martha McNeel (*4,5,6,) was the wife of John McNeel -both pioneers James Lewis was among the pioneers, and his land joined that of John McNeel. *7,8.9. Alexander Wadell was a settler of an early date in vacinity of Marvin Chapel. He thought that the Little Levels was level and glady". His wife was a Miss Rouss. *10. Charles Kinnison's wife, Martha Day, may have been dead at this time. *11. We do not have may thing concerning Jacob Kinnison's wife. Richard Hill is the Low! proneer, and his wife, "Nancy" was the second living daughter of Jone McNeel and Martha. *12,13,14,15,16.

^{*1.} Bishop Asbury Journal (1788) 2. Armstrong, p.133. *13, Genologies of McNeel Family 3. Hardesty, p. 369. 14. William Price, p. 116-122, 4. Armstrong, p. 72. 15. Allex lier S. Withers, "Chron 5. William Price p.137, 142-143. 6. Old Welsh Bible (Fly leaf) of Border Warfare (Cinn., 1912) F. 291. 7. Christie Lewis Will. 16. Old Welsh Bible, (Fly leaf)

^{9.} Deed made by John and Martha McNeel for Mount Tabor Church Lot 10. William Price, p. 479.

^{11.} Genologies of the John McNeel Family in the possession of Mrs. Edwin Bruffey, Beard, West Virginia. 12. Genologies of the Richard Hill Family in the possession of the family of the late Guy Kinni son.



Abraham McNeel was the oldest son of John and Martha McNeel and their first child. *1,2. His wife was Margaret Lamb. *1,2.

For one month, (December, 1787) Rev. Jeremiah Maston of the Holston Circuit traded with John Smith and served as pastor of this Charge. *3.

The Reverend John Kerr Fleming in his "History of Oak Grove Presbyterian Church", Hillsboro, West Virginia, says, "There is ample reason to believe that the Methodist Work is the oldest religious work in the Little Levels section." *4. The Reverend John McCue started work in this region for the Presbyterians and had previously organized the Old Stone Church in Lewisburg, West Virginia. *5. The first documentary reference to the Little Levels Presbyterian Church is in Vol. 1. "Minutes of the Lexington Presbytery", October 21, 1788, and contains the order in the action of Presbytery: "Mr. John McCue is appointed to preach one Sabbath in the Sinks of Greenbrier, another in the Little Levels and catechise both." *6. As has been said the first documentary evidence of methodist services in Little Levels is found in John Smith's Journal when he first came to James Callison's September 19, 1787, *7, He had been appointed to the charge the 3rd of July, 1787. *8. Then on October 17, 1787 he first arrived at John McNeel's where he preached October 19 1987. This service antedates the Appointment of John McCue by a year and three days. A CHARLES THE STREET OF THE ST

Court to be Water thank and a street will

^{*1.} Old Welsh Bible (Fly leaf)

2. William Price, History of Pocahontas County West Virginia"
(Marlinton, 1901) p.22.

^{3.} John Smith. "Journal of John Smith" (1786-1788) p. 35.

^{4.} John Kerr Fleming, "History of Oak Grove Church" p.16.
5. Rose W. Fry, "Recollections of the Rev. John McElhenny, D.D."
Richmond, 1893) p. 94.

^{6.} Fleming, pol9.

^{7.} Smith, p. 21. 8. Minutes, "General Conference and Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church" (1783-1848).

CHAPTER III.

OTHER CIRCUIT RIDERS

John Smith was followed by Richard Swift and Benjamin Carter as Circuit Riders in 1788.

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In 1789 James Riggin and Jesse Richardson came here. Jermiah Abl. was presiding Elder. (The term "Presiding Elder" first occurs in the "Old Minutes" of that year.)

These men were followed by Lasley Matthews, who had been converted from Roman Catholicism and "was a wonderful man of God". During his ministry here on Saturday, July 17, and Sunday, July 18, 1790 Bishop Asbury said that he reached McNeels in the Little Levels and stated, "We had a warm sermon at McNeel's at which many were highly offended, but I hope their false peace is broken. There are many bears in this part of the Country; not long since a child from this neighborhood was killed by one." (For local details of this bear story see Suppliment.) Gr

In 1791 Salathiel Weeks and George Martin were assigned to travel L the Greenbrier Circuit.

On May 22, 1792 at Rehoboth, in the Greenbrier District, James Wan was admitted on trial. John Kobler, remaining on Trial, Was received in Full Connection and ordained Deacon. He, by the request of Bishop Asbury, related to the Conference his religious experience. On Tuesday he was examined first; as to debt; second, his faith in Christ; and third, his pursuit after holiness. John Kobler was then assigned to this Circuit with no Elder. *1,2,3. This year Bishop Asbury visited th Little Levels on Friday May 26th. He recorded "We rode twenty-six mile to Little Levels. 0: What a solitary country is this". *4.

4. Francis Asbury Journal (1792)

^{*1.} Stith Mead, "The Journal of Stith Mead" (1792-1793) 2. "General Minutes of General Conference and Baltimore Conference Methodist Episcopal Church"(1783-1848) 3. Armstrong, p. p. 108-109.

Francis Acuff came as circuit rider in 1793, and was followed by Anthony Sale in 1794 and James Green in 1795. William Spencer arrived in 1796. *1. In that year Bishop Asbury again visited McNeel's with D. Hitt. He said, "Sunday, May 29, 1796 I was very warm in body and mind at McNeel's in Little Levels. *2.

ccurs in the In 1797 the membership of the Circuit was 250, and Richard Bird was een converte sent to travel on this work. *1. The salary of the preacher was sixtyfour dollars for that year.

During his James Ward, "a holy man of God", came as circuit rider in both 1798 and 1799. Richard Whatcoat was Presiding Elder. It was finally during their ministry that a deed was made the "Nineth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninty nine, wherein, John McNeel and Martha, his wife, of the County of Bath and State of Virginia, on the one part, -- sold to Tho. Scott, John Pennell, Richard Hill. Griffith Evans, Jacob Kinnison, Alex. Waddell, William Waddell, James Lewis, and Jonathan McNeel, Trustees in truth" and "their 'Suckcessors in office forever," "a certain lot containing and laid out One Acre of land together with the Meeting House known by the name of Mt. Tabor for the use of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the United States of America." (When the "One Acre"was laid out it was surveyed so accurately that inches and even half-inches were measured and recorded.) *3.

> As to these trustees, we know that Richard Hill and Griffith Evans were sons-in-law of John McNeel, and that Jonathan McNeel was the son of the pioneer Thomas McNeill of Buckeye, a half brother of John McNeel. *4, William Waddell was the son of the pioneer Alexander Waddell, who

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^{*1. &}quot;linnutes of General Conference Methodist Episcopal Church"(1796)

^{2.} Francis Asbury's Journal (1796)

^{3.} Deed of Mount Tabor Church. 4. James E. Armstrong, "History of the Old BaltimoreConference" (Baltimore, 1907) F. 70.

was both a member and a Trustee. *1,2,3. A precedent was broken when James Ward was assigned for a second year's service on the Greenbrier Circuit. In May of 1800 Elder Richard Whatcoat of this District Was elected Bishop by the Baltimore Conference. *4.

Cir

aft In the last of this year (1800) the Circuit's name became the Greenbrier and Bottetourt Circuit." Christopher S. Mooring, Daniel R. hom and Samuel S. Steward were appointed to travel it. *4. Their salaries were raised to eighty dollars each a year with fourteen dollars allow ance for traveling expense for each preacher's child up to seven year, of age, and twenty-four dollars for those up to fourteen years of age, ¥5.

The Circuit in 1801 was placed in the Richmond District of the Baltimore Conference, and Joseph Pennel was assigned rider, In 1802 Josiah Phillips became the Circuit itinerant. *4. By 1803 the Green. brier District entered as a District the Baltimore Conference and James Smith was assigned to ride with James Ward as Presiding Elder.,*4. This became one of the greatest years in the Little Levels. Bennett recorded: "At a Quarterly Meeting held at Little Levels in Greenbrier, one hundred were converted in six days. "*5. At different Camp Neetings in Bottetourt and Greenbrier, five hundred were converted. *6. Asbury's sermon and prayerin the year 1790 must have born fruit. Revivals seme to sweep the countryside and it is said that even the Oak Grove Preshyterian Church at Hillsboro, West Virginia was visited with those bodily exercises called "the jerks". *7.

^{*1.} William Price, pp.479-480. 2. Hardesty, 1369

^{3.} Deed to Mount Tabor Church.

^{4.} Minutes: "General Comference and Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church" (1783-1848) 5. James E. Armstrong, "History of the Old Baltimore Conference" (Baltimore, 1907) p.137.

^{6.} Armstrong, p.137.

^{7.} Rose L. Fry, "Recollections of the Rev. John McElbonny, D.D." (Richmond, 1893) p.103.

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In 1804 Frederick In 1804 Frederick Stier and Edmend Henley were assigned to this here, after his ministry.

ing, home, erected a stand at the family graveyard and preached from it his home, became the home, erected a stand at the family graveyard and preached from it his ing. home, erected a buried home, erected a buried home, band funeral to his old neighbors and friends. Soon after he was buried their own funeral to his old neighbors and friends. Soon after he was buried their own funeral to his old neighbors and friends. Soon after he was buried their own funeral to his old neighbors and friends. Soon after he was buried their own funeral to his old neighbors and friends. Their own funeral by Matthews, there. *1,2. Stier and Henley were followed in 1805 by Lasley Matthews, there. there in 1790. This time he had as his assistant, Adam Burke. Seren For This Circuit was traveled by Thomas Budd and Robert Bolton in 1806. Saul Hinkle came in 1807 and Eli Towne in 1808.

years of any By 1809 James Watts came with the indefatigable itanerant, Joseph Carson, to the Greenbrier Circuit which embraced the whole of the County of Greenbrier, and parts of Giles and Bath. There were twentytwo appointments, each four weeks -- someof them fifty miles apart. Carson said, "I had been told that it was a rude country and a very hard ce and Jone Carson said, I Carson said, I Circuit." This he found to be true, it being "not very pleasant to use bear meat for both bread and meat." But his recompense was the addition of one hundred fifty souls to the Church, *3.

The year, 1810 brought to the Little Levels Beverly Waugh, who had etings it joined the Baltimore Conference the previous year. He was sent to Washington in 1811. Later his abilities secured for him many important positions in his Conference, and in 1836 the General Conference elected him Bishop. The Circuit was served in 1811 by Nathaniel B. Mills, 1812 by Benedict Reynolds, 1813 by James Charles, 1814 by Jacob Snyder, 1815 by JohnBull and in 1816-1817 by James Watts. (A complete list as far as seems possible of the ministers of the White Pole Church and its successors will be found in the suppliment.)

By 1816 several changes had been instituted by the Conference.

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^{*1. &}quot;Minutes of the General Conference" (1783-1848) 2. Able Stevens, "history of american Methodism" (New York,) 3. Armstrong, p.15.

Chief them were: the introduction of a course of study for preachers, the forbidding of rented pews in Churches and the allowance of one hundred dollars yearly salary for the preachers. *1. James Watts came back as pastor. *2. He was a native of Greenbrier County and was only five years old when John Smith visited and preached in his home. Amos Smith came to this Charge with Samuel Montgomery in 1820.

use

In 1821 the Greenbrier Circuit was transferred from the Baltimore pure to the Kentucky Conference. Again a precedent was broken for both Shit is and Montgomery were to serve a second year. For four years this Circuit of belonged to the Kentucky Conference and then returned to the Baltimore The Conference in 1825.*3Samuel Ellis and William McDowell were appointed to ride. The next year the "Greenbrier District was discontinued, and the Circuit came to the Rockingham District and was called the "Warm Spring Charge. In 1827 this Charge was divided into the Greenbrier and Warm Springs Charges with Little Levels in the Latter. John Howell was the first minister ever to serve this Charge three continuous years. *2.

2. Minutes of the "General Conference and Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church" (1783-1848)

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3. Minutes of the Kentucky Conference.

^{*1.} James E. Armstrong, "History of the Old Baltimore Conference" (

CHAPTER IV. MILL RUN CHURCH

d in his home.

About this time the White Pole Church of a new building on Mill useable and plans were made for the erection of a new building on Mill useable and plans were made for the erection of a new building on Mill to the Method About this time the White Pole Church or Mount Tabor was almost unfrom the Balting, Burnside and on what had been the Burnside Farm. As to why the Methodbroken for both sist Episcopal Church was removed three miles from Mount Tabor to the Tyears this Circu other side of the Little Levels I have asked the pioneer decendents. d to the Baltimors The following are their answers: first, the whole people of the Little Il were appointed Levels could be better served at this location since this was on the continued, and to "old turnpike" or the "great road" as it is called in the deed made in d the "Warm Sprin January, 1830 between John and Mariam Jordan, and the Trustees of the enbrier and Wary Methodist Episcopal Church of America; second, John Jordan was a in Howell was the religious, considerate and influential man. He had been having both Presbyterian and Methodist preaching services in his home for many year His wife, Marian, was the daughter of the pioneer, JohnMcNeel, and a staunch Methodist. With the deteriation of the Mount Tabor Church, it is likely that he decided to honor his wife by building a house of worship near their own home. Ibelieve that the center of population ha! shifted because of the building of a large Methodist Protestant Church later near the homestead of the pioneer Charles Callison.

> The trustees of this Church were William Edmondson, Andrew Edmondson, John Grimes, Richard Hill, Mark Kinnison, Abraham Hill and Nathaniel Kennison. It was deeded to them and "their successors, in office, forever in trust, for the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States of America." This deed conveyed "one acre of land with the house that is built ther on for the purpose of Divine worship. " *1.

*1. Deed Book at Focahontas County Court House, (Marlinton) Deed of the Mill Run Methodist Episcopal Church.

study for preachers, allocance of one *1. James Watts con-County and was only ous years. *2.

core Conference" re Conference of At Mill Run can still be seen a small gate enclosed graveyard thing is the site of this Church. In it are the graves of John and Mariam Jordan. (See photograph on page of illustrations.)

Charge with the Reverend James Green and the Reverend James Watts as it ministers. In 1835 the Reverend Stephen Smith and the Reverend J. Planter were assigned to ride the Circuit. Mr. Smith is the grandfather of Miss Roberta Dice Smith of the present Wesley Chapel. From her father, Mr. Asbury R. Smith, Miss Smith learned that this Circuit extended up the Greenbrier valley to the top of the Alleghenies, then over in to Bath County, Virginia through Warm Springs and Hot Springs, and down Anthony's Creek to the McMillion Class, in what is now Renick, West Virginia, a three weeks' journey.

The Mill Run Church was used until it was destroyed by fire about 1841. Since then this building has been known locally as the "Burnt Church". As to its destruction there are many legends. The one thing they all have in common is that the fire was of incendiary origin. One story is that a man about ready to build a house had need of many handout nails that it contained. To burn the Church for nails seems almost incredible to us, but we are prone to forget that those were days of scarcity in even the barest necessities of life. Another story results from the feeling concerning slavery. It is said that some Methodist were apposed to slavery and that a pro-slavery resident of the community paid a coon skin cap to a slave to have it burned. The story connected with the actual burning is that the culprit fell over a cliff of rocks while trying to escape from the scene of the crime, and of his injuries being such that the few remaining years of his life he was a helpless cripple.

What story is true no one knows for a search of the County Court's

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The wrong-doing records until 1848 does not show that anyone was convicted, or tried for the wrong the wrong the wrong the wrong god had meted out full justice to the unt the Bereren terrible crime. (Circuit Court Records of the County of Pocahontas the Bereren terrible crime. (Circuit Court Records of the County of Pocahontas the Bereren terrible crime. the wrong-doing. The reason seems to be that the Methodist felt that th is the granifat

t this Circuit exis various homes, except for preaching and Quarterly Conference sessions. enies, then over a Through the invitation of the Elders of the Oak Grove Presbyterian (Old Brick) Church services were conducted in their sanctuary until the erection of the Little Levels* new Methodist Church, Wesley Chapel.

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SCHOOLS AND THE PARSONAGE HOUSE

In 1842 there was established in the Little Levels' village of Hillsboro, a school which was to serve as a preparetory school to the University of Virginia. It was called the "Academy" and became the first school of higher learning in Pocahontas County. This same year the village's name was changed to "Academy" and was called by that name until 1914 when it was again given the name of Hillsboro.

At the First Quarterly Conference in July 1846, with the Presiding Elder, the Reverend B. N. Brown, in charge, held in the New Salem (Now Arbovale) there was alloted the pastor of our Charge, the Reverend Fish, one hundred dollars salary for fuel and table expensees. The following classes were organized for this Charge: W.D.Arbogast, Mt. Zion, Ward Sharp, Hamlin Church, McNeills (probably Swago), Richard Hill (Lobelia), Snedegars, J.E. Moore (Mill Point), New Salem, Herrings, Nathaniel Kennison (Hillsboro) and J. Ruckman (Marvin Chapel). Back Allegheny was added before the year's end. Because of the illness of Brother Fish the year was finished by Rev. J. N. Davis, a local preacher. Mr. John Waugh was also a local preacher of the Charge. For the last quarter of the year Rev. J. N. Davis received for his labor 31.50. traveling expense and 540.00. quarterage. The McNeill's class paid that quarter \$1.014. N. Kinnison's \$3.00. and Richard Hill's \$2.50.*1.

Sometime previous to 1846 the Huntersville Charge had decided to build a parsonage on a lot at New Salem (Arbovale) for the use of its ministers. On June 19, 1847 with John McNeill as secretary and James Clark, as Preacher in charge, "it was unanimously resolved that the erection of a parsonage house on the lot at New Salem be, and is hereby

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^{*1. &}quot;Steward's Book Huntersville Circuit- Baltimore Conference of the United States of America" Book #2 (July 18,1946-Nov. 13, 1852)pp.1-1

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ence of 852) pp.1disannulled and made void; and that the subscription for building the same be also made void and of none effect and that it be destroyed entirely."

"On motion, it was ordered that a parsonage house should be built near the Little Levels Academy. The Quarterly Meeting Conference proceeded to appoint James Wanless, John Hill, Abraham Hill, John McNeill, Nathaniel Kennison, George Burner, William Young, John H. Puckman & John Wooddell, the trustees for said Parsonage house Also appointed: John Hill, William Kinnison, Abraham Hill, Thomas Morrison and John H.

The land for this building was deeded to the Methodist Episcopal Church June 24, 1847 by Mr. Nathaniel Kinnison from a direct land grant made to him by the Virginia Commonwealth January 28, 1790. *2.

From this Circuit there had been formed the "Woodsborough" Circuit, and James Wooddell had been appointed by the Quarterly Conference as an agent for settling with the Woodsborough officials, and dividing and receiving the property of its parsonage furniture. *3.

The Huntersville Circuit parsonage trustees made the following report on September 26, 1848: "First, we have one acre of land (which was given by Mr. Nathaniel Kinnison) for which we have a deed legally executed and committed to record on which we have a house erected 18 by 24 comfortably finished, one good stable, and smoke house. the lot is enclosed with new rails We have some furniture not however enough for comfort." *4. The amount of the contract for building the parsonage was \$568.00, and all had been paid but \$168.00. This report was signed by John Hill, N. Kinnison and Abraham Hill. *5. In another report we find

^{*1. &}quot;Steward's Book" #2. p.9.

^{2. &}quot;Deed Book Pocahontas County Court House.

^{3.} Same as *1.

^{4. &}quot;Steward's Book" #2. pp. 22-23

^{5. &}quot;Steward's Book" #2, p. 23.

that the parsonage was two stories high and that it had seven trelve windows and one of four-lights. The smoke house was 12 X 24 feet. stable was 14 X 18 feet with a shed for a carriage. All had clayboan following roofs. The well was twenty-two feet deep. *1.

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Little Le By December 18, 1847 we know that our Church on Mill Run had been T. F. McC burned for the Fourth Quarterly Conference was held in the Old Brick table and Presbyterian Church in the Little Levels. The fact that no mention ta made of its destruction in the Quarterly Conference Minutes in either 1847 or 1846 would indicate that it had been burned earlier.

Although there had been missionary collections since 1826, the Circuit's first one on the records that we have was for the year 1847, when there was received from hill's Class (Hillsboro) 51.00, and Waught (Mt. Zion) \$2.00, a total for the Charge of \$3.00. At the same time there were several Sunday Schools listed but only two were kept open during the winter months. Little Levels had no school because of no meeting place. There had been a record made of the number of books in the various Sunday School libraries.

The Reverend J. M. Clarke moved from Fincastle, Virginia to this Charge in 1847. The moving expense of 545.12 was paid by him. The stewards assessed for current expense, on all Church claims and preacher's salary, the following for the Classes of Little Levels for the next year: Callison's 53.00, Ruckman's 522.00, McNeill's (Srago or Buckeye) \$18.00., Kinnison's \$42.00., Richard Hill's (Lobelia) \$52.00., Ner Salem paid the sum of \$55.00. and led the Circuit of fourteen Classes.*2

At the beginning of the Conference year (the spring of 1852) the Huntersville Circuit was divided into the "Little Levels" and the Huntersville Circuit". By this time Little Levels was the leading Class

^{*1.} Steward's Book #2. PF. 22,23,53. . 2. Steward's Book #2 F. 21.

seven trely X 24 feet. } The newly organized Little Levels Circuit was composed of the the newly organized the newly organized the pleasant, Hamlin, McNeill's, Ruckman's, following Classes: Elk, Mt. Pleasant, McNeill's, Ruckman's, following Classes: Elk, Mt. Pleasant, McNeill's, Ruckman's, following Classes: Elk, Mt. Pleasant, McNeill's, McNeill's, Ruckman's, following Classes: Elk, Mt. Pleasant, McNeill's, McNeill' Little Levels, Callison's, Droop, McMillion's and Hill's. The Reverend Little Levels, out the preacher in charge. He was allowed \$135.00. for the Old T. F. NcClure was the preacher in charge. He was allowed \$135.00. for salary table and table and the claim for the year was 336.00. The total was the presiding Elder's claim for the year was 336.00. The total was to pay \$100.00 es in eith, divided among the several classes. Little Levels was to pay \$100.00., Callison's \$30.00., A. Hill's \$60.00., etc. By this time it was deemed necessary to replace the "Burnt Church" and the village of Academy (Hillsboro) was chosen as the site. *1.

*1. "Steward's Book Huntersville Circuit - Baltimore Conference of the United States of America" Book Second or#2 July 13, 1846- November 13, 1852. PP. 67-69.

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THE FIRST WESLEY CHAPEL AND THE CIVIL WAR

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At the Second Quarterly Meeting on August 30, 1862 at the parson, age, G. W. Amiss was appointed to secure the deed for a Church lot at Academy and Israel J. Callison, George Edminston and William Kinnison were appointed a building committee.*1. The lot secured adjoined the parsonage lot and was deeded to the Methodist Episcopal Church January 15, 1858 by Mr. Nathaniel Kinnison. It was committed to the care of the following trustees: Israel J. Callison, Richard Hill, James Edministon, George Amiss, Thomas Morrison, Ed. Whiting, J. H. Ruckman, S. Auldridge and G. W. Ruckman.

This Church, named "Wesley Chapel" was on the road going through Academy and stood on a sloping knoll east of the village. They built a rectangular frame building 30 X 60 feet, with a limestone foundation, two stories high which faced the town. The basement had two rooms for use of the Sunday School. Private schools were also Taught in these rooms. Following the policy of John Wesley, in requirting the separation of the sexes in the Churches, two entrances in the back admitted separately the men and women. A balcony across the back of the auditorium was built for the colored people. The pulpit of black walnut sat on a dais being entered by steps on either side. The devout men filled the "amen corner" at each service. The altar rail was of black placed in holders hung on the wall finally gave way to oil lamps and a center chandelier. There were six large windows with shutters on the

^{*1.} Steward*s Book #2. p. 71.



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WESLEY CHAPEL Built in 1853

It was near parsonage house built in 1848 and that of the parsonage below.

Parsonage built in 1880's on site of parsonage house built in 1848 and used until the present parsonage was built in 1948.





BIRTHPLACE of

PEARL BUCK

On U. S. Route #219 Northeast of the village of Hillsboro.

under the direction of a German Scientist: The writer found one of the original shrapnel caps in the Church yard of the present Wesley Chapel, Finally, finding their position flanked on both the right and the left, the Confederates were forced to fall back to Lewisburg. In this, the largest battle ever fought in what is now West Virginia, the home of Joseph Beard (now owned by Mr. Ralph Burns) came into use as a hospital The Union Soldiers used Wesley Chapel as a barracks. Upon departure they carried with them the silver communion set of our Church. It being later found in a home in Falling Springs (Renick, West Virginia) was repurchased and put into the possession of our Church membership.

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These many years the lay members of the Methodist Episcopal Church had not had much part in the Annual Conference. Yet, at the Baltimore Annual Conference in session at the Lutheran Church in Churchville, Augusta County, Virginia Thursday, March 19, 1863, a lay committee, consisting of M. Walton and Joseph Beard (the latter from our own Wesley Chanel), was appointed. Mr. Beard seems to have been quite prominent in the affairs of this Church and of this Conference. At the Conference session of March 10-14, 1864, being present, he was appointed to the Executive Committee of the Home Missionary Society. This appointment may have been due to the activities of his home societies, for in spite of the War in 1864, the Home Missionary Societies of the Levelton Charge reported \$167.50. paid to Missions, while many neighboring parishes were Missionary Charges receiving support from the Mission Board. then were: Lewisburg which received \$200.00., Frankfort \$200.00., Sweet Springs \$175.00. and Peterstorn \$150.00.

The first session of the Pocahontas County Court held after the Civil War convened at Wesley Chapel in November, 1865.

Among the strict rules in force at that time was one forbidding ministers to become Masons; another, prohibiting members from commeting

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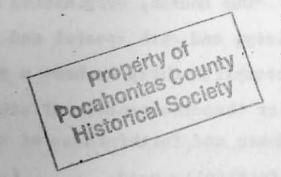
for prises in shooting matches. *1,2. the let Mr. Joseph Beard was still hard at work at the Levelton Churches in 1867 as the Missions, while Levelton Charge paid 333.70 Levis Board of Domestic Missions, while Levelton Charge paid 333.70. burg paid to Foreign Missions 343. 30., and Levelton 345.30. Lewisburg paid the Bi shop 35.00., while Greenbank and Levelton paid \$20.00 each.*3.

It is *1. James E. Armstrong, "History of the Old Baltimore Conference" (Baltimore, 1907) p. 217.

(Baltimore, 1907) p. 217.

(Baltimore, 1907) P. 217.

(Baltimore, 1907) P. 217. (Marlinton, 1901). p. 187. 3. "Annual Minutes of the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Bpi scopal Church, South" held in Baltimore, Maryland 1868.



CHAPTER VII.

DISTRICT CONFERENCES AND A NE! PAUSONAGE

By the spring of 1868 District Conferences were inaugerated in the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. Wesley Chapel was for the forst time in the "Levelton Charge" of the Levisburg District. It had 124 members, one being a local preacher.

The fifth session of the Lewisburg District Conference of the Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church, South was held in Academy. Pocahontas County, West Virginia, September 20-23, 1871. The two pastors, the Reverend Charles A. Joyce and Reverend J. Rembert Smith and one local preacher, the Reverend James E Moore were present as were to official lay men, Mr. Joseph Beard and Joel Hill of Academy. Mr. Hill was appointed to the Committee on the Spiritual Interests of the Church, Rev. Joyce on the Sunday School Committee, Mr. Beard on the Finance Committee and Rev. Smith on the Committee on Education. *1. The Committhe on the Spiritual Interests of the Church of which Mr. Hill was a Member says in part, "Our Church, originating in a desire for the promotion of personal piety, and with special and peculiar means best calculated to accomplish this, we have a right to expect that Methocists should be better than the members of other Churches. depends, ugon the grudence and faithfulness of the ministry. . . . Methof streams of grace faithfully used, . . . (and) we shall again hear it said, "Methodism is Christianity in earnest." *1.

From the Church and Parsonage Committee we learn that there were only three parsonages in the Lewisburg District - one at Academy, another at Centerville, with the District parsonage for the Elder at

^{*1. &}quot;Minutes of the Lewisburg District Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South held in Academy, West Virginia September 20-23, (Baltimore, 1871).

perisburg.*1. George G. Brooke, Sunday School Agent, for the Methodist South spiscopal Church, South was also present.*1.

Sometime early in the eighties, the need being felt for a new parsonage, plans were laid which materialized in a commodius two-story building. This parsonage was a well-built frame structure, L-shaped, of eight rooms, having four rooms in front and four extending back. A back porch extended the length of the dining room and kitchen. A portice on the front later gave way to a wide porch. There was a central hall from which stairs led upstairs. The upper rooms could also be reached from a kitchen stairway. The house had a good-sized basement under it. This parsonage was the home of the ministers until 1948.

Not until 1895 do our Quarterly Conference Records, again, take up the story. Then Rev. A. C. Hamill became the preacher in charge with of the Churc per. W. G. Hammonds as Presiding Elder. The Trustees of Wesley Chapel in 1895 were: George Hill, N. C. B. Kinnison, John J. Beard, W. H. Callison, W. H. Overholt, R. W. Hill, E. H. Moore, Isaac McNeel and George Curry. Many branches had gone out from our Church: Sharon, Old Droop, Marvin Chapel, Buckeye, Swago, Lobelia, Emmanuel, Mt. Lebanon on Droop mountain, and Trinity on Stamping Creek. The preacher's salary was \$600.00. a year.

There were two Sunday Schools on the Charge that were ever-green: Wesley Chapel and Marvin Chapel. Wesley Chapel had an assessment from the District Steward of \$405.00. Every week the Sunday School took up a Missionary offering. As a committee to dig a well and repair the parsonage at Academy, P. W. Hill, J. B. Grimes, G.R. Curry, Isaac McNeel and Jos. S. McNeel were appointed. The value of the parsonage was given as \$1,600.00. In the same year (1895) we had the first record of an

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^{*1.} Minutes of the Lewisburg District Conference.

Epworth League. There were thirty- three members of this youth organization on the Charge. An Inter-denominational Young People's Prayer Meeting at Academy that year accomplished much for the spiritual welfare of the community.

Mr. J. William Smith, as far as is known, was the only person to remember the Levelton Circuit in his will. In 1898 he left two hundred dollars, the interest on it to be paid to the Circuit preacher. *1.

That same year brought thoughts of future progress at Wesley Chapel.

The Reverend John Dills, who is still living at this writing, being here as pastor recorded in July, "Plans are on foot looking to the erection at an early date of a new Church at Academy." Rev. Van Horne came back to assist the pastor in a revival at Wesley Chapel.

^{*1. &}quot;Quarterly Conference Minutes of the Levelton Circuit" (1895_

CHAPTER VIII.

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A NEW WESLEY CHAPEL

he spiritual 'u on May 20, 1899 a burner on Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy consisted of: R. W. Hill, Ellis e left to conference for the new Church in Academy conference for the Preacher of land from Mrs. Rella Clark Yeager for the sum of two Preacher Accerty and Rev. John Mrs. Rella Clark Yeager for the sum of two wesley of for one acre of land from Mrs. Rella Clark Yeager for the sum of two riting hundred dollars. The trustees receiving the property were the same as riting being those of the old Wesley Chapel listed previously. After careful study to the erecute contract was let to Joseph Knapp of Richlands, Greenbrier County, Horne came West Virginia. The contract stipulated that the Church was to be completed by the first of March, 1900. The pastor reported July,1899, "The new Church enterprise at Wesley Chapel is taking shape and is on a Circuit" (limbetter basis than ever before. I have constantly in mind the song of Decrees of Solomon: 'Except the LOrd build the house, they labor in vain who build it. I want to keep this thought uppermost; the building of this church is to be in a supreme sense a religious act."

We do not know the contract price, but 52,500.00. had been subscribed by November 5, 1899 and \$850.00. had been paid. This new Wesley Chapel vas to be a frame building with a shingle roof, a large auditorium (having an elevated floor) with a large annex that could be separated from the main-auditorium by huge roller-type doors and have a combined seating capacity of three hundred, the annex to be used for the Sunday School assembly room. Back of the annex and under the same roof were to be placed two Sunday School class rooms. There were to be two porches, one at the front and one on the right side. The pulpit was to be in the left front corner with a door to a small hall. Across the same corner the altar rail was to extend with isles on either side. To the front o the hall just mentioned and under the bell tower, this room became the pastor's study. A door at the back of this hall leads to the choir lo adjacent to the pulpit with a seating capacity of twenty-five. The plant specified two outside double-door entrances, one to the auditorium from the front and one beside the annex. There were to be also single door entrances to the pastor's study, the adjoining hall and the Sunday School romms. The walls of the Church were to be finished with plaster and the ceiling with panels of oak ceiling, varnished.

Mr. McNeill of Buckeye quarried the foundation stones. They were secured from the McCorkle Farm. Mr. C. W. Kinnison hauled the large stones to the building site. Frank Kinnison, his father, offered to furnish the sills, but Mr. Knapp secured them from some other source. The corner stone was garried and cut from the marble on Stamping Creek from the farm of Captain William L. McNeel. At the laying of the corner stone Neva Dills, the little daughter of the Rev. John H. Dills, placed within it a current copy of the Pocahontas Times and several other articles commerating the event.

As construction went on, the Rev. John Dills said, "When finished this will be the best Church, except one, in the Lewisburg District."

Being so well pleased with it after he became pastor at Corbin Park

Methodist Church at Spokane, "ashington, he sent back to West Virginia for the architect's plan and had another built just like it there.

Stained glass windows were used throughout the building. The large front window, which is nine feet high and nine feet wide, is a memorial to the Reverend J. D. Martin, who was born January 21, 1859 and died September 2, 1899 during the construction of the Church. He was the Presiding Elder at that time. There are two memorial windows in the Sunday School room. These were donated by R. W. Hill in memory of his father, Joel Hill, born February 23, 1807; died February 18, 1884 and Rebecca Hill, born December 17, 1808; died April 8, 1888. All the windows of Fredonia design were bought from Jacoby Spiess Manafacturing

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auditoria company, St. Louis, Lissouri at a cost of sixty-eight dollars. e al 50 the pulpit desk, the altar rail and the choir railing represent the ed with sork of Mr. Asbury Smith, the father of Miss Dice Smith. The desk in ed with North of Mr. Assudy was made by Graham LaRue. The pews for the main the pastor's study was made by Graham LaRue. The pews for the main the pastor's study was made by Graham LaRue. The pews for the main the pastor's study was made by Graham LaRue. The pews for the main the pastor's study was made by Graham LaRue. the past.

auditorium were of an unusual design some of which are twenty-two feet The benches and one organ used in the Sunday School rooms today long.

the "1853 Wesley Chapel." The other organ was bought new for the dedication of the present Chapel. The pictures on the walls, as the war see them, were given by the late John Raine, a former steward in the Levisburg Methodist Church. The large bell in the tover is the gift of the same man. It is considered the finest toned bell in this part of West Virginia. (The bell, altar rail and the pulpit desk of the Old Wesley Chapel were given to the Pleasant Green Methodist Church and they are in use there.) Flag stones for the walks that were placed beside the Church and to the street were hauled in the winter of 1899-1900 on sleds from Bruffey's Creek. At the same time a flagstone walk with a curb was built along the road in front of the Church. This was replaced by a concrete walk constructed by the Works Progress Administration.

The following trustees took part in the dedicatory service October 21, 1900: George W. Callison, Asbury R. Smith, Sidney J. Payne, G. G. Clendenin, Joseph S. McNeel, George R. Curry, I saac McNeel and R.W. Hill. The Rev. Forest J. Prettyman preached the sermon of dedication. The Rev. John Dills, because of the four year limit then on the itinerant system of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South did not remain long enough to be host at this occasion. This honor was for the Rev. W. J. Whitsell, who came to our Church that spring.

One of the most successful revivals of Wesley Chapel took place in the fall of 1902, under the ministry of the Rev. Charles Lynch. Thirtythree people were converted, and twenty-seven became members of the

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Church. It was in July of this year that the Weman's Home Missionary Society with eight charter members was organized. During the year the membership of the Society increased to twenty-five with Mrs. Charles Lynch as the first president. The next year the Rev. J. W. Campbell, a local preacher transferred to the Indian Mission Conference.

The greatest revival ever held in this Church was under the ministry of the Reverend S. R. Neel, and his assistant, the Reverend C. Lambert. This meeting resulted in one hundred thirty professions of faith in Christ. Virginia Payne Neel, daughter of the Rev. S. R. Neel was born during his stay here. At this time the salary of the pastor was \$1,000.00., that of his assistant \$500.00. per year.

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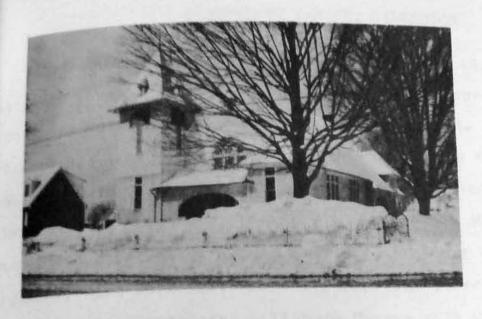
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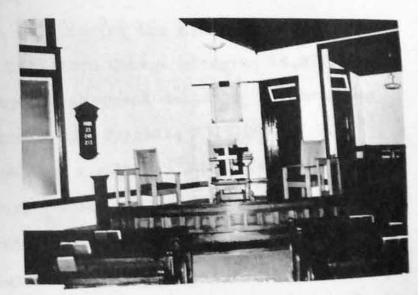
> Built in 1900

During the ministry of Mr. & Mrs. John Dills

Below: The Interior of WESLEY CHAPEL



The Reverend John Dills who was instrumental in the building of Wesley Chapel.





Mrs. John Dills

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CHAPTER IX.

A SEPARATE CHARGE, HILLSBORO

The Reverend W. D. Eye reported on February 18, 1916 that the liter of having wesley Chapel and some other congregations set apart as distinct and separate charge was being agitated. (Rev. Eye is an inlid at his home at Bridgewater, Virginia and is the father of Miss therine Eye, who spent four years of her childhood in Hillsboro and ter became a missionary to Africa. At present she is the Religious fucational Director of Asbury Memorial Methodist Church, Harrisonburg, rgimia.) The next fall that division took place. Sharon and Wesley apel were designated the Hillsboro Charge with Mr. Eye as pastor with membership of 273. Wesley Chapel paid 5750.00. of the one thousand blars set for salary of the charge.

The Centenary movement came in 1920 during the ministry of the everend George H. Echols with the Hillsboro Charge pledging \$4,977.50. Lich exceeded the Quota assessed by two thousand dollars. In that year the Charge paid \$250.00. for an Armenia Aid Special, \$716.00. on the entenary Fund and \$1,400.00. for pastor's salary. For 1922 the Rev. Marke Early reported the first every member canvas for the budget. By 123 the pastor preached once a month at Kinnison. A Tither's League is organized and George Milburn Curry of Wesley Chapel attended Asbury allege in Wilmore, Kentucky. As pastor of this Charge the Reverend. L. Lovance in 1930 reported one hundred reconsecrations.

In the Conference year of 1931-1932 a change in the Circuit took lace. Sharon went back to the Levelton Charge and the following hurches were added: Renick's Valley, Renick and Mount Zion giving the harge a total membership of 430. The salary of the preacher was velve hundred dollars. Hillsboro's portion became \$693.00.

By 1934 this was again the Levelton Charge and Wesley Chapel Tas connected with Marvin Chapel, Seebert, Sharon, Emmanuel and Trinity. The Reverend J. H. Light, who had been pastor of the Levelton Charge, began preaching at Hillsboro.

In 1937 the Reverend L. S. Shires reported six junior choirs on the Circuit. He is remembered for his successful founding of Vacation Bibl Schools on this work. He remained as pastor here for five years, which was the longest time any pastor had ever served this Charge or Wesley Chapel. The Reverend R. D. Marshall followed him to serve also five years. During the latter's pastorate one hundred copies of the "Upper Room" were being distributed to the Charge membership. With the place of Seebert Church in the Levelton Charge, its parsonage became Levelt property. In 1940 the Seebert parsonage was sold because it seemed m convenient for the pastor to live in centrally located Hillsboro. Improvements were made on the Hillsboro parsonage by the money receiv from this sale - chief among them being the installation of a water system.

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A NEW PARSONAGE

In 1947 the Reverend A. J. Schrader, a young man of energy just out out yet having two years of preaching experience, was sent to a seminary, yet having two years of preaching experience, was sent to a seminary. It was through his untireing efforts and courage that a new property became a reality beside Wesley Chapel on the lot which had admirable foresight been provided for that purpose more than a half with admirable foresight Deen provided for that purpose more than a half entury before. At the second Quarterly Conference on February 15, 1948 the following petition was presented:

"Petition: We, the undersigned, duly elected Stevards and Trustees "Petition: We, met in a called meeting on January 27, 1948, at of the Levelton Charge, met in a called meeting on January 27, 1948, at the Hethodist Parsonage, in Hillsboro, West Virginia to consider the the Methodist Parsonage.

selling of the Methodist Parsonage.

selling of the Methodist Parsonage.

It was the unanimous opinion and vote of each of us that the Methodist Parsonage should be sold and a new parsonage erected on the lots odist Parsonage Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, West Virginadjacent to the Wesley Chapel Methodist Church in Hillsboro, Wesley Chapel Method

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The Quarterly Conference of February 15, 1948 received the petition "The Quarterly Conference of February 15, 1948 received the petition and the following were appointed as a committee for disposing of the old parsonage in Hillsboro and erecting a new parsonage as planned: E. S. Parsonage in Hillsboro and erecting a new parsonage as planned: E. S. Newman, Dorsey May, Mrs. H. T. Elmore, S. D. Kirk, A. F. Walker, L. P. Nerman, Dorsey May, Mrs. H. T. Elmore, S. D. Kirk, A. F. Walker, L. P. Anderson and Rev. A. J. Schrader. This committee was to bring its findings to a special Quarterly Conference called by the District Superinings to a special Quarterly Conference called by unanimous vote tendent." August 5, 1948 the Quarterly Conference by unanimous vote instructed the building committee to proceed with the building of the instructed the building committee to proceed with the building of the

The subscriptions then reported by S. D. Kirk and E. S. Newman

amounted to five thousand dollars. One thousand was from Marvin Chapel.

S. D. Kirk bought the old parsonage for six thousand dollars. The committee was authorized to secure a building contract including pluming, heating, viring and lighting fixtures - a "turnkey job" - for fourteen thousand dollars. It had been agreed that upon the sale of the old parsonage the trustees of Wesley Chapel would deed the parcel of ground on which the parsonage was to be built to the trustees of the parsonage and that each Church would have an equity in the new parsonage. The building campaign extended from October 1947- August 6, 1948. The following committees were to be appointed: advisory, finance, corespondence, inspection and subscription. (See suppliment for names.) Mr. A. G. Killings worth of Marlinton, West Virginia was awarded the building contract for \$14,500.00.

The housebeing completed an auction sale was held to dispose of the cla parsonage furniture. The proceeds bought new furniture for the new parsonage. The Reverend and Mrs. A. J. Schrader were the first to live in the new brick parsonage. After only a few months the Conference year ended and Mr. Schrader went back to Duke University to complete the work on his Bachelor of Divinity degree. His ministry was followed by that of Rev. T. E. Painter. The indebtedness remaining on the parsonage when Mr. Painter arrived was \$2,600.00. Through his diligence and the generosity of the members the liquidation of the debt took place during his two year pastorate.

Then came the thought of the formal dedication. On April 15, 1951, three members from each Church were appointed as a committee to plan for it. An invitation was extended to the Area's Bishop, the Reverend Lloyd C. Wicke, of Pittsburg, to dedicate the new dwelling for the use of the Methodist ministry. He graciously consented to come August 26, 1951. Again the Conference acted and Mr. Painter being moved to Killarney,

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dollars, including his present the Reverend Frank A. Johnson became the pastor for the pastor for the pastory service. ale of top dedicatory service. parcel the morning the had been made for the guests. Open house was observed at the parsonage the had been made for the Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning the had been at Wesley Chapel being assisted in the service by parcel of the morning the large of the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning the large throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning the large throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning the large throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning the large throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning the large throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning the large throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning the large throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning throughout the day. The Reverend A. J. Schrader preached the morning throughout the day. the part throughout the day. Inc.
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The part throughout The following provided food for all on the Church lawn. Bishop Wicke The following provided food for all on the Church lawn. Bishop Wicke pondence picnic dinner provided food for all on the Reverend Clyde Hensley, arrived at Dondence, in and the District Superintendent, the Reverend Clyde Hensley, arrived at A. G. William and the Distriction of the Bishop preached at two o'clock in the afternoon with the instance noon. The Bishop preached at two o'clock in the afternoon with the instance taking part in the service: A. J. Schrader, T. E. ling contract following ministers taking part in the service: A. J. Schrader, T. E. painter, Clyde Hensley and Frank A. Johnson. The soloist of the occasion to dispose a former member of Wesley Chapel, now a member of the choir of Dr. Ralph ture for the souther's Church in New York City, Mr. Robert Auldridge, son of Mrs. te first to premien H. Auldridge of Millpoint, West Virginia, sang "Bless This House" Conference, and The First Psalm". Other former ministers present were: Samuel omplete the Register Neel, and the pastor who assisted him here the first year, Curtis llowed by a lambert. The Reverend S. R. Neel preached at the evening service. Many e parsonage former residents and members were here. Their names may be found in the and the parsonage.

This same year (1951) a Union Religious Survey made of the Hillsboro ce during h Community showed a population of 660 constituting 197 families. 168 persons belong to the "Methodist Church", 117 to the Presbyterian Church, eighteen to the Disciples of Christ and fourteen to other Churches.

The Wesley Chapel Sunday School under the direction and capable tee to plus Reverently leadership of Graham LaRue has increased its average attendance from seventy-five to eighty-nine. The year 1954-1955 was one of the best the use of P st 26, Mil years in the Church School. They have been a common burney a loss only with the beauti

April 15, 18

Killarnes

A "Loyalty" Dinner plan for subscriptions to the budget was inaugu ever Po rated in 1953 at Wesley Chapel. The Reverend Curtis C. Lambert came as guest speaker for the Dinner held July 15, 1953 at the Hillsboro High School. The fifty members present subscribed forty-three per cent op the budget. The next year the Reverend Stacy Grosscup spoke for our "Loyalty Dinner". One hundred sixteen gathered for the feast and many made their pledges to the budget. It was one of the greatest occasions we have had in our Church. The system has proven its worthin the Church finances. These two years no personal soliciting has been necessary and more has been paid each year. Most important is the Plans' Good Fellowship.

This (1954-1955) is the second year that Sharon's budget has been with Wesley Chapel's and the members of Sharon are an intergral part of our Church here. However, we do have a separate roll for Sharon and hold services there once each year. At the beginning of the 1955-1956 Conference year the over all picture of Wesley Chapel is something like this: Church membership 201, Sunday School membership 144, Woman's Society of Christian Service membership 50, and Youth Fellowship 25. Wesley Chapel's Woman's Society of Christian Service and its Youth Fellowship can take their places with those of the other Churches in the District; its Sunday School is advancing; after a lapse of a few years Prayer Services have resumed; its house of worship and its pastor's home are certainly adequate, and its financial reports are good. Indeed, it can be said that the Church does its daily tasks well as it carries on the great denominational program.

Willis Summers followed Frank A. Johnson as pastor coming here from Bartley, West Virginia in June 1955. During his first year he was ill for some time but in spite of this handicap the Sunday School attendance reached ninety-eight and a record Vacation School of fifty, too.

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the per Lambert Chi Hillshop received a salary Of Section of the Sunda received a salary Of Section of the Section of the Sunda received a salary Of Section of the received a salary Of \$2200.00. from Wesley Chapel, alone, which was the Der recell reached thirty-five, the adult members of the Sunday sports fourth Fellowship reached thirty-five, the enrollment of the Church School rose to the sunday fourth fellowship reached thirty-five, the enrollment of the Church School rose to the sunday fourth fellowship reachers. These last records have not be fourth relieveship restauration the church School rose to school numbered ... school ribin broken since. In his third year there were fifty-seven in Vacation broken since.

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school and fifty-three in the Woman's Society of Christian Service. as these records have not been exceeded.

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The Reverend L. E. Milam came in June 1958. His ministry saw the membership go again to two hundred. He baptized fifteen and received deet hat nineteen into Church membership at Wesley Chapel. Although he received ergral My \$150.00. less than his predicessor at Wesley Chapel the amount paid on Sharon and World Service by that Church amounted to \$608.00. and they raid a budget the 1952 of \$5,029.00 as a record of payments on regular expenses and claims without any building project. After two years Rev. Paul Riegel followed him se pastor. Wesley Chapel has only paid the last two years four hundred dellars on World Service and the smallest budget paid the last eight years was in 1961 of \$3,784.00.

The Reverend Owen M. Lee came last year. In fatherhood he excells urchesia with twelve children. They will truly rise up and "call him blessed". a few year Eight reside with their parents and fill the parsonage to its capacity. pastor'sh Average attendance is increasing in the Sunday School but the enrollment Indeed, is down to ninety-eight. The budget paid is again climbing. The people carries and their pastor seem very happy in their relationship. The report is that the children and young people of the parsonage are real examples in ing here! their behaviour. May God bless them in their work with the dependable he was people of the Little Levels.

This is something of the history that we have inherited. If we as

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Methodist, can keep the insight of our founder, John Wesley, when he said, "This commandment we have from Christ, that he who loves God, loves his brother also ... he feels in his soul a burning restless desire of spending and being spent for Him!", then, and then only, we shall create as great a history as we have inherited.

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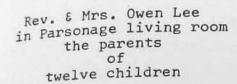
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Levelton Circuit Parsonage

Built in 1948

Next to Wesley Chapel



Eight now reside with their parents in the above parsonage.





The author, Frank A Johnson
Now pastor of

The South Fork Charge at Brandywine, W. Va.

REGULAR METHODIST ITINERANTS OF LITTLE LEVELS

WINGS 1. "Mount Tabor" Metting House or Church, Hillsboro, West Va. Commonly known as the "White Pole Meeting House"

- 2. "Burnt Church" or "Mill Run Methodist Church"
- 3. "Brick Church" (Presbyterian) This was used by the Methedus from the burning of the Mill Run Church until the building of Wesley Chapel in 1853.
- 4. "Wesley Chapel" built in 1853 in Academy, West Virginia
- 5. "Wesley Chapel" built in 1900 in Academy now Hillsboro.

(Numbers in parenthesis indicates years of service here.)

At first our community was in the Greenbrier Circuit organized in 1787 with a total membership on the Circuit of one hundred from the Bedford Circuit adjoining the Holston Circuit.

John Smith (1787) was our preacher at the age of twenty-seven years. As a native of Maryland he became a Methodist in 1780. He entered the itinerancy in 1784 and traveled the New Hope and Red Stone Circuits before coming here. Faithfully he labored, not with standing the inribity of a feeble constitution, for ten or twelve years. He died in person at the age of fifty-four in Chesterton, Maryland, and rests at Histor's Chapel. His death was remarkably triumphant. "Come Lord esis", he exclaimed. "Come quickly and take my enraptured soul away. I not afraid to die; I long to be dissolved and see my Savior without a inning veil between. Death has lost its sting," *20:A, 27:,31:

2. Richard Swift(1788) He could have been one of the first to visit here for he was in Western Territory in 1785. He became a Christian at theage of eight years. For only six years he itinerated because the wound he received in the Revolutionary war greatly weakened him. He was a pointed, zealous preacher and strict disciplinarian; a happy man, and one that appeared not to fear the face of any. He died in lugust 1792 at Shoulderbone, Georgia and was blessed with frequent consolations in his last hours." 20:A., 2:.

Benjamin Carter (1788). He came here with Swift.

James Rignin (1789) was likely a member of the Christmas Conference n 1784 for he had been Admitted on Trial and probably came from Sumeret County, Maryland. 2:84,116.

Jesse Richardson(1789) came here with Riggin having been Received on Trial in 1788. He Located in 1805 and died in 1837. 20:A.

Lasley Matthews (1790). As a Poman Catholic he was converted under the preaching of Joseph Cheuvront, a Frenchman, as a soldier in the

siege of Yorktown. These men were mighty in the Scriptures. siege of Yorktown. These men were mighty began to travel in 1786 and preached, loved and lived holy. Natthews began to travel in 1786 and preached twenty-seven years. "After doing chivalric service he vas crowned a fitting victory. He died in 1813 saying, "Glory! Praise My Jesus come!" 30:

- 7. Salathiel Weeks(1791) being a native of Prince George County, Vir. Salathiel Weeks(1791) being a native of the lay 1792 he attended ginia he was Admitted on Trial in 1788. In May 1792 he attended ginia he was Admitted on Trial in 100 for several years he died Conference at Rehoboth. Laboring faithfully for several years he died Conference at Rchoboth. Laboring faithfully in 1800, his life having wasted away with consumption at his own home. *20:A.
- 8. George Martin(1791)here with Weeks.
- 9. John Kobler (1792). Born in Culpepper, Virginia in 1768 he became an itinerant in 1789 and an Elder later in Kentucky, Tennessee and on itinerant in 1789 and an Elder later to Ohio in 1798. A man of saint-like spirit, dignified and ministerial to Ohio in 1798. A man of saint-like spirit, dignified and ministerial to Ohio in 1798. A man of saint-like spring and visiting the sick bearing, untireing labors in preaching, praying and visiting the sick. bearing, untireing labors in preaching, project that of the body. Tall, slender with an energy of soul that far surpassed that of the body. His hair black and long, extending over the cape of his coat, his dress His hair black and long, extending over the cap.

 He had a most impressive countenance, next, with straight breasted coat. He had a most impressive countenance. It showed no ordinary intellectual development, united with sweetness of the showed no ordinary intellectual development devotion. Many sould be shown to be a superior of the showed no ordinary intellectual development. disposition, unconquerable firmness and uncommon devotion. Many souls were brought to God through his instrumentality." He founded the first work in Cincinnati, Ohio. He was Received into Full Connection at Rehoboth. He died in 1843 at the age of seventy-four. His last words were: "Come Lord Jesus! Come, Lord Jesus, in power! Come quickly!" 30: 100
- Francis Acuff (1793). He was born in Culpepper County, Tennesses, Francis Acuff (1793). ne was both from a fiddler in Tennessee he became a Christian and then a present er. He died in Kentucky April 1796 in the work of the Lord. A young men of genius, much beloved and greatly lamented died in Danville before he was twenty-five years old having volunteered for the hazaradous
- II. Anthony Sale (1784) Received 1793; Located 1799.
- 12. James Jones (1795) Received 1794.
- 13. William Spencer (1796).
- 14, Richard Bird (1797). Received 1792; Located 1797 likely at the close of his pastorate here. (Membership of the Greenbrier Circuit
- James Ward (1798-1799) Born in 1771 in Summerset County, Maryland, converted in his seventeenth year; Admitted on Trial in 1792 and at the age of fifty form died at the age of fifty-four years in Floydsburg, Kentucky 1855. He traveled for fifteen years as Preacher in Charge, also, as Presiding Elder, chiefly in the Valley and along the mountains of Virginia. He was ranked among the ablest and most successful men of his times.

 Multitudes through to home him and successful men of his times. Multitudes thronged to hear him, and many were saved under his ministry.

 In the spring of 1807 he was transferred. In the spring of 1807 he was transferred to the Vestern Conference. He Located in 1814 and was readmitted into the Vestern Conference in 1829, Located in 1814 and was readmitted into the Kentucky Conference in 1829, and then Superannuated in 1840. In 1846 he weithed into the Kentucky Conference in 1829, the Methodist and then Superannuated in 1840. In 1846 he united with the Methodist Episcopal Church, South and at his request, his name was recorded in his

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Conference in 1848 and placed on the Superannuated list. "His last that he took up land in Greenbrier County. He is that he deed from John McNeel for Mount Tabor Methodist secured the deed from John McNeel for Mount Tabor Methodist as one that in 1799. He came back as Presiding Elder in 1803. 2:478.

BALTIMORE CONFERENCE - GREENBRIER AND BOTTETOURT CIRCUIT

Ghristopher S. Mooring(1800) Born in Surry County, Virginia. He christopher S. Mooring(1800) Born in Surry County, Virginia. He received on Trial in 1789 and preached until 1825 except for one was received he was ill. His last words regarding the end were. It is christophed on Trial in 1789 and preached until 1825 except for one was received on Trial in 1789 and preached until 1825 except for one was received on Trial last words regarding the end were: "I am getthat he was ill. His last words regarding the end were: "I am getthat he was in least that restlessness is now situation." I feel rather restless, but that restlessness is now situation in the resignation. That was in 1825 when he gently went to sleep at the that the resignation eight years. *20:

s coat of the age of fifty- eight years. *20:

s coat of the age of fifty- eight years. *20:

s coat of the age of fifty- eight years. *20:

- on sweether 18. Samuel Steward (1800).

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RICHMOND DISTRICT - GREENBRIER CIRCUIT 1801-1802

- on. Lany soul ounded the the His last ton 19. Joseph Pinnell (1801). Received on Trial 1795; Located 1810.
- e quickly 19. Joseph 19. Joseph 19. Located 1813.

 19. Joseph 19. Located 1813.

 19. Joseph 19. Companies Greenbrier District nty, Tennesse

BALTIMORE CONFERENCE - GREENBRIER DISTRICT

and then a li James Smith (1803). Born in 1782 or 1783 and joined the Baltimore Danville 21. James Smith (1803). He began to preach at sixteen years and was not hazaradon Con erence in 1802. He began to preach at sixteen years and was not be zaradon to preach at sixteen years and was not be zaradon. Con erence in 1802. During his ministry he attended three hazaradous duite twenty years in 1802. During his ministry he attended three General Conferences as a delegate. "A man of high intelect, of kind and generous feelings, of excessive humor in the familiar aisles of his ministerial bretheren." "One of the most transparent and ingenious of men and "of manly and stirring eloquence." His language was nervous and chaste. "Taking into account the matter and style of his sermons together with the manner of delivery, I have "says his friend, Bishop Bevorley Waugh, "known few more attractive preachers." Six feet high, stout, erect with fair complexion, silky auburn hair, round and benevoinbrier Cim hazel, looking black at times. Smith by word and deed and look was wirning and attractive. He had remarkable fervor and pathos in prayer. Being in active work for twenty-four years and died in his prime, in enty, Maryla peace in Baltimore 1826." *30.

22. Frederick Stier (1804).

s Presiding 23, Edmund Henley (1804). Received on Trial 1803 and died 1808, a native of North Carolina. "Expecting death, he hastened from his Circuit to his father's house, erected a stand at the graveyard, preached from it his r his minist ed from it his own funeral sermon to his old neighbors and friends, and onference. soon after was buried there. ... He was circumspect in his walk. He erence in would shout and pray, exhort and praise God to the last." 20:A.1809.

24. Lasley Matthews (1805) Previously here in 1790.

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in 1792 and ne Methodis recorded it

- 25. Adam Burke (1805)
- 26. Thomas Budd (1806) Born in 1783; converted in 1800 and joined the Methodist Episcopal Church. Received on Trial in 1803; he died the 1810 at the age of twenty-eight years in Philadelphia. As a preacher he was very useful and acceptable, good, pious with open and free manners. He was harressed on his death bed with doubts, "but the cloud suddenly burst, and his heart was filled with joy." 20:
- 27. Robert Bolton (1806). Received on Trial 1806; Located 1812.
- 28. Saul Henkle(or Hinkle)? (1807) Received on Trial 1806; Located 1812. After his work here he likely went as a missionary to the Indians.
- 29. Eli Towne (1808). Received on Trial 1804 and was still traveling in 1828.
- Admitted into the Baltimore Conference at Winchester, Virginia in March, 1805. His first appointment was the state of Pennsylvania. "In 1809 his Circuit embraced the whole County of Greenbrier with parts of Bath and Giles in the Commonwealth of Virginia. There were twenty-two appointments for four weeks, some fifty miles apart. He says, "I had been told it was a rude country, and a very hard circuit." This he found true, it being "not very pleasant to use bear's meat for both bread and meat." His recompense was an addition of one hundred and fifty souls to the Church. 2:98,140,149,152,153.
- James Watts (1809). Born in Greenbrier County, Virginia, in 1782; converted at the age of fourteen and admitted into the Conference in 1804. The first year he rode Frince George and Stafford Circuits. In 1805 being appointed to the Ohio Circuit he traveled thither one hundred miles with Bishop Whatcoat of whom he said, "I found him an excellent man, and strove to profit by his example." At one of his camp meetings he met Bishop Francis Asbury. The privations and labors of Watts rank him among the pioneer heroes of Methodism. On one occasion he had to move at the eve of winter and had his house to build. At the first Quarterly Meeting there he received Twenty-five cents, and in the Second between eleven and twelve dollars. After traversing the whole, extent of territory from Lake Erie on the north to Chespeake Bay on the south for forty-eight years with constancy and unwavering fidelity, he granted a Superannuated relation. His last sermon was on Easter Sorday from Psalm 138:7 "Though I walk through the midst of trouble, thou wilt revive me." His illness continued but six days. As death represented he called his family together and gave them his counsel. his last words were, "God is a refuge in time of trouble," and raising his hands in triumph, he added: "He is my strength. All is Well.

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Beverly Waugh (1810). Born in Fairfax County, Virginia in 1789; Joined the Baltimore Conference in1809; appointed to Washington in 1801 and there his solid abilities and high character secured him the Washington, Baltimore, Fredrick, etc. to 1828 when the General Conference elected him book agent at New York where he served eight years.

become one of the prominent men of his denomination, not so much had become propular qualities, as by his well-balanced faculties, brilliant prudence, his exalted character, his devout temper. had been or popular dutities, as by his well-balanced faculties, by his liant or popular dutities, as by his well-balanced faculties, by consumate prudence, his exalted character, his devout temper, Christ-by consumate and effective preaching. In 1836 the Cincinnati General brill mate productive preaching. In 1836 the Cincinnati General amenical made by him per annum was 550. They were of ministerior his amenity and elected him Bishop. The average number of ministerial apthe amender elected him per annum was 550. They were made from Maine to Georgia. He died at his work by diese rexas; and Baltimore in 1858. 2:480; 31: conferents made Nichigan to Georgia. He died at his work by disease of

Nathaniel B. Mills (1811). He was the first Methodist preacher to Nathaniel B. Mills being a real hero in his early ministry. Born enter Wyoming Valley being a February 23, 1766; convents Born enter Wyoming, Deleware on February 23, 1766; converted at seven-New Castill 1787 joined the Edition of his death whenever possible. He pread active from until the time of his death whenever possible. He pread active type until the time of his death whenever possible. He pread the castill active type until the time of his death whenever possible. New Castle Converted at Baltimore Conference. One time he had for his appointment 1825 to 1829 when he was compelled to retire but he preached active from until the time of his death whenever possible. He preached active from until the time of his death whenever possible. He preached regularly up until the time of his death whenever possible. He preached regularly last Sabbath of his life on Judges 5:31. "He was a life preached regularly up until the first life on Judges 5:31. "He was a holy man of the was, indeed, one of the last of that highly interesting class of the primitive school of Methodist ministers." For fifty god: he primitive school of Methodist ministers." For fifty-eight years he served in the ministry.

- Benedict Reynolds (1812). Received on Trial 1807; Located 1814.
- 35. James Charles (1813). Received on Trial 1806; Located 1815.
- 36, Jacob Snyder (1814).
- Sinia, in 37. John Bull (1815). Received on Trial 1812; Located 1817. It may have been his son, an ex-Chaplain of the Union Army who said in have been his son, have been his son, have been his son, have been his son, as he hated hell, and considered it the decimal 1863, "Father hated abolition as he hated hell, and considered it the decimal 1863, "Father hated abolition as he hated hell, and considered it the d Circuit, 1863, "Father hated about 11. Sup. 11: April 16, 1863.
- of his as 38. James Watts (1816-1817). Previously here in 1809.
- labors of 39. Robert Boyd (1818). Received on Trial 1815 and still traveling in 1828.
- s, and in 40. Jacob L. Bromwell (1819). Born in Talbot County, Maryland 1792; converted in early life; Admitted on Trial in 1817; Superannuated te Bay and in 1826; made Effective in 1830 and soon was Superannuated, in which idelity, relation he continued fory years. He died in Morrow County, Indiana in on laste 1871. As an effective preacher he did good service until his throat betrooks the affected, then moved to Indiana, where as he was able, he preached in cabins, log school houses, and in the woods. His labors were greatly blessed. He became the founder of a number of Societies in the bounds of Mayerly Circuit in the Indiana Conference. Pne umonia finally brought him to his death bed. At times he was rational and once he said to a conference was rational and once he said to a son-in-law that he was glad there was a country that knew no pain and that he was not far from it. 2:338.
 - 41. John Miller (1819). He was a well known man and greatly esteemed during the extended term of his ministry, a native of Huntington County, Pannacher the County, Pennsylvania, converted at the age of twenty-two under the preaching of Co. preaching of Samuel Davis. He spent Thirty-three years after 1819 in the effective works. the effective work, sixteen on circuits (of which Greenbrier was the first), pine in first), nine in stations and eight on Districts. He died in Westminister,

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Maryland in 1878 at the ripe age of ninety-four. He was a self-made made made made with solid and practical qualities, a wise counselor, a judicious administrator, and a good pastor. "Tell all the members of the Baltious more Conference, I am dying in the faith, happy in the Lord and want them to meet me in heaven, became the last message to his brethren. 2t 261,286,304.

- 42. Samuel Montgomery (1820). Received on Trial1807; Located 1825.
- Amos Smith (1820). Being born in Fredrick County, Virginia April 30, 1795, he died June 30, 1868. Converted at a camp meeting near Winchester, Virginia he served as a soldier in the War of 1812 and took part in the defense of Baltimore during the bombardment of Fort McHenry. Admitted on Trial 1820 he was sent to Greenbrier Circuit (Then embracing a large extent of territory). He, also, traveled on large Circuits in Pennsylvania. He served as Presiding Elder of the Chamber sburg District two years and filled Fayette Station in Baltimore and successive Circuits with remarkable revivals in Maryland. During the closing years of his life he lived in Pennsylvania. Superannuated in 1863, he ceased not to labor preaching often two or three times from Sabbath to Sabbath A violent attack of rheumatism disabled him for a year. On the evening before his departure he said, "I think I shall go home tonight." "On the morning of January 20, 1868, while sitting in his chair, he fell asleep in Christ." 2:460.

KENTUCKY CONFERENCE - GREENBRIER CIRCUIT

- 44. Samuel Montgomery (1821). Here the year before the change of Conferences.
- 45. Amos Smith (1821). Pastor in 1820.
- 46. Edward Stevenson (1822). Received on Trial 1819 and traveling in the ministry yet in 1828.
- he was received into the Kentucky Conference and transferred to the Baltimore Conference. He died in Baltimore September 11, 1827. "He was spected by those who knew him."
- 48. James Avers (1823). Received on Trial in 1822.
- 49. Jonathan G. Tucker (1823).
- 50. Obadiah Harber (1824). The son of Noah and Judith Harber, born in 1790 was religiously trained and became a Christian in 1802. Same year. "He traveled and labored with great usefulness and died in 1827 or 1828.
- 51. James Ross (1824).
- 52. Samuel Ellis (1825). A native of Yorkshire, England, converted a in 1819 and was admitted to Conference in 1821. Solid and useful were

sun sel or le Start of the line of the last 53.

distributions as a preacher; industry and punctuality marked his deep and consistant. Calm and submissive during qualifications he bequested a legacy to the missionary cause and died his illness he bequested a legacy to the missionary cause and died his illness september 24, 1846 on Saint Mary's Circuit in his sixty
his last trium ph 2:370.

Born in Franklip Courth 073 07 habitat trium ph September.

habitat trium ph John Hovell (1826). Born in 1791 at Fairfax, Virginia; admitted in John Hovell (1826). Born in 1791 at Fairfax, Virginia; admitted in 1820; a "Man of solid sense and deep piety, amiable, prudent and 1820; a "Man of solid sense and deep piety, amiable, prudent and solid sense and deep piety, amiable, prudent and 1820; a "Man of solid sense and deep piety, amiable, prudent and incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not showy as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not show as a preacher, but sound in doctrine, plain in manner incree; not show as a preacher, but sound in doctrine 55. Hesekiah Bost (1826). Admitted in 1826; he traveled seven years in the Baltimore Conference, filling some important Charges; Located in 1857 and removed to the state of Georgia. 2: e change of John Howell (1827). Here before in 1826. John Bernard (1827). Henry S. Kepler (1829). Could be the same as Samuel Kepler. and traveling 59. Hezekiah Best (1830). Here in 1826. Davis Kennison (1831). We know that he was not the Little Levels County, Wire 60. "Davis Kinnison", ansferred to 11, 1827. % 61. Joseph Sprigg (1831). James Watts (1832). Likelythe same man that was here in 1809. 62. James M. Green (1832). HUNTERSVILLE CHARGE 63. 64. George G. Brooks (1833). Born in Fauquier County, Virginia 1808; died in Berryville, Virginia 1878; closing his fiftieth year of less and the active work. Admitted on Trial in the Baltimore Conference 1829, he th Harber, bm was remarkable for constancy and earnestness in his private devotions and for unwavering faith in the divine promises. His labors were blessed with great ed with great success in the conversion of souls. In social life he was genial vas genial, courteous, kind and obliging, as a pastor faithful and vigilant and vigilant and uniformly beloved. He served as Chaplain in the Confederate Army during ate Army during the War and commanded the respect of all who knew him, ed to this Approaching the war and commanded the respect of all who knew his service on and useful a and useful a

Berryville Circuit (Church, South) where scores of souls were converted during a protracted meeting of several weeks, when about to retire the night he said to his wife, "If I had some items of temporal business attended to, I would be ready to die now." Struck with apoplexy he never spoke again. On the Sunday morning following he was "absent from the body and present with the LORD." *2:337.

- 65. S. D. Hopkins (1833).
- Baltimore 1886; converted at eight years of age; admitted on Trial 1832, and traveled twenty-five years. His pulpit ministrations vere peculiarly blessed, particularly to the poor and outcast ones to whom he sought to make himself the instrument of salvation. All revered his genuine godly simplicity and bore testimony to his unswerving fidelity. *2:357.
- Oncansville, Pennsylvania, 1880. Converted at eighteen, educated at Dickinson College, he studied and practiced medicine, until he entered the itinerant ranks in 1831. He was a Christian gentleman in the best sense of the word; a true man, a devoted, laborious and successful hether ist preacher. Hundreds were led to the cross under his ministry. He died in the full assurance of faith and in glorious triumph." *2:348.
- converted at the age of thirteen, was admitted on Trial in 1830, at the age of twenty-eight. He labored on large and hard circuits with zeal and success for fourteen years at the end of which in 1844, his health failed and his voice in consequence of preaching in a new, damp Church, and he was retired. He became effective in 1867 and for five years served the charges to which he was assigned. Thile riding to an appointment on Morgan Circuit he fell from his horse and in a few days exchanged his labors on earth for a home in heaven. "He died of chills and fever." "I feel that God is with me! "vas his last exclamation. A self-made man mentally, endowed with high spiritual gifts, he added many souls to the Church and was greatly esteemed on the Charges where he served. His grand daughter, Miss Roberta Dicc Smith of Hillsboro, is a member of Wesley Chapel Church. *2:463. His accident is also mentioned in the Autobiography of Bishop William Taylor.
- 69. J. Planter (1835).
- 70. C. Hartman (1836).
- 71. Jacob M'Enally (1837). "Was a Pennsylvanian born in Lancaster County 1794; converted in 1829; he served the Church as an active and energetic layman for ten years and ten years, from 1829 in the faithful and successful work of the ministry. His health failing, he retired in 1839 and lived twenty years at Muncy, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania. He was humble, cheerful and laborious to the extent of his ability, a man of prayer and faith. He died happily March 1859." *2:416.
- 72. Joseph C. McKeehen (1839). Born near Abbottstown, Pennsylvania 1836. For twenty-nine years in active work he was placed on the retired list. As a preacher he was thoroughly Scriptural, sound in doctring

tender and often tearful in delivery. As aman he was unselfish tender and often tentile. Said his son, I never heard father and gentle in spirit. Said his son, I never heard father the spirit and the series word or knew him to do a wrong act." He preached in his inproper the text: "Because I live, Ye shall live also." His warmen underly. 2:418. is improper the text: "Because I live, Ye shall live also." His series suddenly. th came suddenly.

John 1849 and removed to Chicago. Osborne (1839)(1840). Located at next General Conference

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Thomas J. Dyerle (1841).

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Lequel C. Waters (1842-1843).

Samuel Register (1844-1845).

Samuel Register (1844-1845).

Samuel Register (1844-1845).

Pear Baltimore 5. Samuel Register (1844-1845). Born in Queen Anne's County, Maryland 6. Samuel Register (1844-1845). Born in Queen Anne's County, Maryland; converted at a Samuel Register (1837) near Baltimore and Admitted in 1840. After traveling 1818; died 1881 in Frince George's County, Maryland; converted at a meeting (1837) near Baltimore and Admitted in 1840. After traveling meeting (1837) near Baltimore and Admitted in 1840. After traveling carp meeting (1837) near Baltimore and Rockville District and in 1860 meets on Circuits, most of which involved severe toil, he was stationed carp meeting and Washington. He served Rockville District and in 1860 meets on Baltimore and Washington. He saunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, and he famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at Staunton, 1861, and later at Alexandria, in the famous Conference at the institute of the in

His honese that the severance produced no rupture of brotherly love.

In the pulpit he was pre-eminent, ernest, eloquent and at times everpowering. Such was his sense of dignity of the sacred office that he rever compromised it by irreverence of manner or speech. His presence imposing. The massive frame, the fine arch of the forehead, the deep he spoke no ordinary man. Four times he s 11 so tente ras imposing. The massive frame, the fine arch to the Four times he set eyes, the overhanging brow bespoke no ordinary man. Four times he to set eyes, the General Conference, prominent in the councils of the ras elected to the General Conference, prominent in the councils of the thurch and in the administration of her affairs. In manners he combined graceful dignity with gentleness and sweetness. With all the granduer of his character he had the simplicity of a child. His estimate of himself was far below that held of him by others. His last illness being comparatively short involved great suffering but he passed through the n Lancasty ordeal with resignation and the brightest utterances of joyful hope and as an arturous visions of heavenly scenes. He was the grandfather of S. R.

In the hel, pastor here in 1911-1913: *2:440,441.

Pennsylme 77, George O. Little (1845).

Fish (1846).

78. James N. Davis (1846-1847). A local preacher; born near Blacks-burg, Virginia 1826; died in Berkely Springs, Vest Virginia October Trisl 11 4, 1898. Reared in a Christian (Campbellite) Church, he first attended a Methodist meeting in his seventeenth year and was wonderfully converted.

His brother was a bishop in the United Brethren Church. Acting on the His brother was a disliberation of the Circleville Academy in Ohio and advice of this brother he entered the Circleville Academy in Ohio and became adilligent student, especially of the classics. He had, after, entering upon the itinerancy in 1848 some of the hardest work in the conference but whatever he found to do he did with all his might. His fidelity to every obligation was recognized by all who knew the man. Being a devout Christian none more faithfully studied the Word than he Being a devout Christian hone more than the and read all the best authors. He was a fine sermonizer. He had preach and read all the best authors on the Sabbath morning on which he was taken and read all the best authors. He morning on which he was taken preached an admirable sermon on the Sabbath morning on which he was taken sick. He lingered only two days and went to glory. 2:360.

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At a Quarterly Conference held on the Huntersville Circuit in 1846. At a Quarterly Conference hotal and being examined on the after making application for license to preach and being examined on the after making application of the Methodist Episcopal Church, his license to Doctrines and Articles of the Methodist Episcopal Church, his license was not granted, (Must be an error in the Minutes but in 1847 he is supplying the Circuit as preacher in charge until Conference. 20:G.

- 80. James M. Clark (1847-1849). Here in 1834.
- 81. J. W. Start (1849-1850).
- Enoch G. Jamison (1850). Born in Stafford County, Virginia; died near Newport, Giles County, Virginia, December 10, 1880; Admitted on Trial 1841 and served with faithfulness in arduous missions and mountain circuits, often with success. He Located in 1871; readmitted in 1878 and was given a Superannuated relation till his death. Somewhat eccentric, he was at the same time zealous, laborious and pious. He died in peace. 2:401.
- 83. Thomas F. Acclure (1852-1853). Born near Allexandria, Pennsylvania, April 3, 1817; died suddenly in the parsonage at lolfsburg, Pennsylvania, December 22, 1879; converted in early life and Admitted on Trial in 1841. He was a faithful and consistant Christian minister of more than ordinary abilities, a man of affairs, building Churches, (Helped with Little Levels, Wesley Chapel) and paying Church debts and at the same time very effective in the pulpit, sound in doctrine, fearless in his statements of truth, often illustrating them with quaint and striking original remarks, incidents and anecodes. 2:416.
- Pastor not known (1853-1854).

LEWISBURG DISTRICT-BALTIMORE CONFETENCE - LITTLE LEVELS CHARGE

- 85. Lorenzo D. Nixon (1854-1855). Born in Loundoun County, Virginia July 28, 1811; converted at seventeen; a local preacher eight years; twenty years, from 1854, in the traveling ministry; a model of meekness and simplicity, systematic in his work and a faithful and laborious servant of Jesus Christ, full of faith and of the Holy Ghost. 2:432,433.
- 86. Pastor not known (1855-1856).
- 87. Pastor not known (1856-1857).
- Pastor not known (1857-1858).
- 89. J. S. Gardner Admitted on Trial March 1853; living yet (1858)in 1907. 2:300.

Etchinson (1858-1859). Born in Montgomery County, Maryland J. 1876; Conserved in his seventeenth year and admitted to Conference 1852. A man ried in his seventeenth year and admitted to Conference 1852. A man ried in his seventeenth year and admitted to Conference 1852. A man ried in his seventeenth year and admitted to Conference 1852. A man ried in his seventeenth year and admitted to Conference 1852. A man ried in his seventeenth year and often by experience sufferings, he was induced to rest one year, but his love for the sufferings, his work was done. He fell at his post a victum of pneumonia. It is may with truth be said that he loved God and his fellowmen. It is may with truth be said that he loved God and his fellowmen. It is may with truth be said that he loved God and his fellowmen. It is may be a lived for others. Far from seeking place, preferment, and the applause of men, his purpose was purely "to do the work of evangelist and make full proof of his ministry." He died with unering confidence in God and conscious victory through the Blood of lamb. He adhered with his brethren in 1866 to the Methodist Epis—1 Church, South. 2: 372.

Paster not known (1860-1861).

Pastor the same as in 1860. (1862).

James F. Liggett (1863). Born in Greenbrier County, Virginia April 13, 1831; died at Churchville, Virginia in April, 1875; conerted at seventeen years of age and ented the Conference in 1855. An arnest preacher (in the Methodist Episcopal Church, South.), a faither pastor, a successful revivalist, he was ready always to go where the pointing power thought he could work best. He died at his post in reat peace and triumph. 2:409.

A. A. P. Neel (1864-1865). Actually from March 14, 1864- March 9, 1865. S. R. Neel, a son, later was pastor at Little Levels.

P. S. E. Sixes (1865-1868). Born in Saint Thomas, Pennsylvania in 1832; died in New Castle, Virginia December 23,1904; converted in 1855. His active work in the Conference exneed over a period of fourteen years, when failing health made it nessary for him to retire. He resumed his active relation in 1891 and ealth again constrained him to take a Superannuated relation, which he eld to the close of his life. Though hindered by a delecate constitute, he was faithful in serving large and mountainous circuits, meeting duties in both the pulpit and pastorate. 2:458-459.

LEVELTON CHARGE - LEWISBURG DISTRICT - BALTIMORE CONFERENCE

J. P. Hyde (1868-1869).

J. H. Meridith (1868-1869).

James E. Moore (1868-18690). Likely the local preacher helping

C. A. Joyce (1870-1873).

J. Rembert Smith (1871).

J. W. Canter (????).

- 102. L. H. Baldwin (1873-1874). He is remembered as the one who for rain one clear Sunday morning during a drouth and before the service was over the rain was pouring down. 25:
- 103. Pastor not known (1874-1875).
- 104. J. R. VanHorn (1875-1878).
- 105. V. W. Wheeler (1878-1881). He was the father of the late Rev. Dr.
- 106. S. Townsend (1881-1884).
- 107. A. O. Armstrong (1884-1885).
- 108. L. H. Graybill (1885-1886).
- 109. W. E. Miller (1886-1890).
- 110. Christopher Sydenstricker (1820-1894) He was an uncle of Pearl Buch and a brother of the Reverend David Sydenstricker, paster of Oak Grove Presbyterian Church at the same time.

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three been a

- 111. A. C. Hamill (1894-1896).
- 112. John H. Dills (1896-1900). Pastor here when the present Wesley (See suppliment and pictures.)
- 113. W. J. Whitesell (1900-1902). He died August 7, 1950.
- 114. Charles Lynch (1902-1905).
- have a call to the ministry. Later he became warden of the West Virginia Penitentary at Moundsville, West Virginia. He held several
- 116. J. M. York (1905-1908).
- 117. ______Roberts (?????).
- 118. L. B. Atkins (1908-1911).
- 1991 and left in April 1913. There were fourteen appointments on the charge and many of them were in lumber-towns and lumber camps, nost year and Rev. A. L. Goodal the second year. Services were held at Wesley those days are still workers in the Church today. S. R. Neel is now reavenue, Cumberland, Maryland.
- 120. Curtis C. Lambert (1911-1912). Born in Pendleton County, West Virginia September 10, 1886; began ministry at Huttonsville in went to Greenbank as assistant pastor, then came to Hillsboro in

he same capacity. He spent thirty-five years as pastor in Western Virde same capacity. He spent thirty-live years as pastor in Western the same capacity. While here as pastor he visited Mr. Edd the same lest virginia. While here as pastor he visited Mr. Edd the same and lest virginia above Marvin Chapel. He says, "When I got the same of bblett on the mountain above marker to set up a new hay rake which he had bere bought. He had so far failed; I assisted him until it was all blett found hr. Bobble far failed; I assisted him until it was all put bought, he had so far failed; I assisted him until it was all put here bought. He had so at me and said, "Preacher, you are good for the street aren't you?" He married while here and the new countries things at Mr. Sam Sheets' home. Rev. Larbour the new countries things at Mr. Sam Sheets' home. ther, when he looked to married while here and the new couple roomed to thing, aren't you?" He married while here and the new couple roomed boarded at Mr. Sam Sheets' home. Rev. Lambert was a graduate to boarded at Mr. at Atlanta, Georgia. dething, aren't you. He mailled while here and the new couple roomed thing, aren't you. Sam Sheets' home. Rev. Lambert was a graduate of boarded at Mr. Sam Sheets' home. He retired in 1954 and became of university at Atlanta, Georgia. He retired in 1954 and became of "" "emeritus" of the Crim Memorial Methodist Church at Dhillian that ory University at Atlanta, demorial Methodist Church at Phillipi, West astor. He remained in that position until his death. James 1 mory "emeritus" of the that position until his death, January 15, 1963.

gl. A. L. Goodell (1912-1913) Assistant to S. R. Neel.

W. F. Lowance (1913-1915).

as an uncle of he W. D. Eye (1915-1919). The son of Benjamin and Barbara Rexrode Eye; born August 6, 1879 at Sugar Grove, West Virginia, in Eye; born August 6, 1879 at Sugar Grove, West Virginia, in 1904 he was admitted in 1903 and served as junior preacher. In 1904 he was admitted in 1903 and served as junior preacher. Episcopal Church, South in 1903 and Served as junior preacher. In 1904 he was admitted to the limit of W. D. Eye (1921) 1879 at Sugar Grove, West Virginia; moved from pugar Grove 1903 and served as junior preacher. In 1904 he was admitted ato the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. is Lela E. Lupton of Gerradstown, West Virginia became his bride in pecember, 1905. To this union there were born three children. Miss takerine Eye, a former missionary to Africa, now residing in Harrisonarion, Virginia was the oldest. He went from Hillsboro to the Union burg, Virginia was the oldest. He went from Hillsboro to the Union burg, Virginia was the oldest. He went from Hillsboro to the Union Burge. His last Charge before retirement was the Montgomery Circuit, Carge. his Maryland. He retired in June 1945 and married as his second with Mrs. Florence Wiseman of Harrisonburg, Virginia. He is an invalid for end resides at Bridgewater, Virginia.

He says concerning Hillsboro that there were never any better coults that lived than those at Hillsboro. The most significant event durant did not did his ministry here was the flu epidemic of November 1918 when there were reden of the bedfast at one time and only seven left not having the flu that were He held seren ed at that time. the to travel and wait upon the ill ones. Mr. Eye was one of the favor-

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124. George H. Echols (1919-1923).

125. W. Clarke Early (1923-1925). A native of Staunton, Virginia; he died of a heart attack at Gaithersburg, Maryland at the age of forty years, April 4, 19 ; he was admitted to the Baltimore Conference, bethodist Episcopal Church, South in 1918; ordained deacon 1920 and an elder in 1922. At first he was a junior preacher at Fairfield and Colin the sm Merstown before coming to Hillsboro, West Virginia. He died while pastor appointer of Fredrick Avenue Methodist Church Baltimore, Maryland. The evening beber dept fore his death he had preached to the District Conference on "The Un-

126. W. Lawson (1925-1927).

Earnest T. Harrison (1927-1930). He arrived in Hillsboro the fall of 1927. Some good heart-warming revivals took place during his three years that their daughter, Florence, was born here. He says, "The three years that we spent in Hillsboro were years of joy, never having been among a more lovely people."

- L. L. Lowance (1930-1931).
- 129. G. R. Fringer (1931-1933).
- 130. W. M. Reynolds (1933-1934).
- 131. J. H. Light (1934-1936).
- A. D. Kesler (1936-1937). Born at Sterm Hill, three miles east 132. of Roanoke, Virginia 1904; spent boyhood on the farm; he was a traveling salesman and later a farmer. He graduated from Jefferson Senior High School Roanoke, Virginia in 1929 and that fall entered Duke University Jurham, North Carolina as a freshman. In 1933 he graduated with an A. B. degree and in 1935 with a B.D. degree. He was admitted to the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South in the fall of 1935 and assigned to Paint Bank Circuit. The next year he became pastor of the Levelton Circuit, Hillsboro, West Virginia. He went from here after one year to Hedgesville, West Virginia. His wife was the former Virginia Rankin Peters of Eagle Rock, Virginia. They have two children, A. D., Jr. and Mary.
- L. S. Shires (1937-1942). Born in a log cabin in the Wolfe Creek Community of Monroe County, West Virginia; from infancy he was taken to Sunday School and preaching. At the age of fourteen he accepted Christ as his Savaour in a revival in a school house. There he led his first prayer meeting. His father was a class leader, too. On Sunday afternoons his mother, brother and he would take their Bibles to a quiet place and real their Bibles verse about. He prized highly that experience. He later taught the one school of his boyhood and was granted a scholarship to Concord Normal School. He finished school at Randolph Macon, completing the four years course in three years. For several years he headed the Allegheny Collegiate Institute at Alderson, a Methodist school.

Coming to Hillsboro from Iron Gate, Virginia he served for five years, longer than any other pastor until then. From here he went to Williamsburg. He was a man of sterling quality, gentle, kind, full of thanksgiving, humility and a Christ-like spirit which made his ministry effective. Ar. Shires was the first man ever granted a vacation with pay by the Levelton Charge. That vacation he spent in a hospital in Baltimore. Illness overtook him in his eighteenth year in the ministry while he was pastor at Buchhanan, Virginia. He retired to Iron Gate, Virginia wherehe continued as an invalid for years until his death.

R. D. Marshall (1942-1947). Born August 15, 1880 at Fabius, West Virginia, son of Samuel and Martha Fex Marshall; attended Hardy County Schools and Glenville State Teacher's College; Admitted on Trial March 30, 1917 into the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South and he was ordained a deacon in 1920 and an elder in 1923. Before becoming a minister he had taught school for fifteen years. He had been converted in early life. After Levelton he served the Mineral Charge at Headsville, West Virginia. He died in 1951 at Martinsburg, 20:K+ (1951 Article by The Reverend Harry Wheeler) West Virginia.

A. J. Schrader (1947-1949). Born October 15, 1922 at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; attended Pittsburg city schools and graduated from South Hills High School; graduated from Mount Union, Alliance, Chic with an A.B. degree June 1844 an A.B. degree June 1944; entered Boston University School of Theology

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hecame student assistant to the pastor of Tremont Street Methodist hecame student assistant to the pastor of Tremont Street Methodist hecame student assistant to the pastor of Tremont Street Methodist the pastor of Tremont Street Methodist student assistant to the pastor of Tremont Street Methodist student assistant to the pastor of Tremont Street Methodist student Boston, Massachusetts. Serving for one year; in 1945 transferred school Boston, Massachusetts. Serving for one year; in 1945 transferred in Divinity School and completed class studies before becoming the pastor of Tremont Street Methodist in 1945 transferred in 1947 and he was ordinated deacon at Clarksburg in the pastor of Tremont Street Methodist rch, Divinity School and he was ordinined deacon at Clarksburg in the fall or here in 1947 and he was ordinined deacon at Clarksburg in the fall or here in 1949 at Charleston after the Elder's orders were received in 1949 at Charleston after the Elder's Orders were Returning to the Elder's Charge. Returning the Elder's Charge of let Blder's order Charge. Returning to Duke he received his B.D. rs in 1950. Transferring to the Virginia Conference his and a series in 1950. on the Levelton charge to the Virginia Conference his appointment in 1950. Virginia.

Herndon, Virginia.

Jargely responsible for the interest in and the building of the ist parsonage next to Wesley Chapel Church. Here's largely responsible for the interest in and the building of here's parsonage next to Wesley Chapel Church. Through an auction her furnishings of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the furnishings of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the furnishings of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the furnishings of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the furnishings of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the furnishings of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and not the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and the building of the old parsonage were disposed of and the building of the old parsonage were disposed of the old parson new brick parsonage the old parsonage were disposed of and new imthe furnishings turn ture purchased for four rooms at the new parsonage. ted mahogany lural was bought at wholesale at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania then equiptment was bought at wholesale at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania installed by the father of the minister. The markle hen equipment the father of the minister. The marble window sills installed by the fersonally by the Reverend School window sills installed by given personally by the Reverend Schrader. The parpurchased and all but two thousand dollars of the debt paid ring his stay here.

SERVICE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER bin in the Who T. E. Painter (1949-1951). (Then an accepted Supply Pastor). During his pastorate the main and last part of the debt on the new puring his paid. He went to Killarney, West Virginia from here. Now is pastor of the Burlington Methodist hurch at Burlington, West

During his pastorate the During his pastorate the Went to Killarney, west hurch at Burlington, spastor of the Burlington Methodist hurch at Burlington, spastor of the Burlington Methodist Orphanage there.

Frank A. Johnson. (1951-1955). Born at Brookside, West in 1907, son of Amaziah and Eva Long Johnson; converted thirteen; called to preach at fifteen; graduated from Asburth an A.B. degree; received on Trial into the Annual Church in 1932; ordained a deacon leading the state of th Frank A. Johnson. (1951-1955). Born at Brookside, West Virginia in 1907, son of Amaziah and Eva Long Johnson; converted at the age thirteen; called to preach at fifteen; graduated from Asbury College 1932 with an A.B. degree; received on Trial into the Annual Conference the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1932; ordained a deacon 1934 and an ald 1936; married Mary Elizabeth Doty In 1936 Conference of the party age fourteen. A brother is in the Virginia Conference of the Church and a brother-in-law is in the Ohio Conference of er 1936; married Mary Elizabeth Doty in 1936 and they have one son, served the Church and a brother-in-law is in the Ohio Conference of the the Church Since Church Since Christian Temperance Union Christian Temperance Union

"The National Woman's Christian Temperance Union in order to get

tade in sermons which could be published in form, had a preaching contest. Our Rev. Frank A. Johnson placed second in the Eastern Zone. The subin a jectof his sermon was, "The Report of Demon Drink to Satanic Majesty." Is honorarium was a check for fifty dollars. When the reports were all n, Mr. Johnson placed third in the National class. The check was for is the neat sum of one hundred dollars." (Pocahontas Times, April 14, 1955) The sermons in the above natical contest were published by the seciation Press of New York, New York in 1956. Mr. Johnson moved from is Charge to the Gormania Charge in Grant County, West Virginia and arrett County Maryland. , while there the Mount Storm Methodist Church one of his sermons published called, "Sunday, the Christian Sabbath". 1958 the Rodeheaver-Hall Mack bought from Mr. Johnson a play for bristmas service entitled, "The Star Out of Jacob" and published it the ollowing year. It is still on sale by that Company. He is now pastor

the South Fork Charge at Brandywine, West Virginia. Willis Summers (1955-1958). Born at Horner, West Virginia; he is the son of Mrs. Ada H. Summers and the late Roy Summers. Glenville Seminary gave him his A.B. degree in 1945 and Westminister Theolog-Seminary gave him a S.T.B. degree in 1950. In 1946 he married Alcis th Ann. Cost Sparks, West Virginia and they have three daughters, Ith Ann, Catherine Marie and Frances Marion. His first full time

pastorate was the Mt. Zion Charge in Calhoun County in 1946. He served in the Huntington and Bluefield Districs after graduating from seminary and came from the Bartley Methodist Church to the Levelton Charge. In 1957 he was honored by being elected Chairman of the Section on World Peace of the West Virginia Conference Board of Christian Social and Economic Relations.

- 139. L. E. Milam (1958-1960).
- 140. Paul Riegel (1960-1961).
- 141. Owen M. Lee (1961- Present pastor.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX OF PASTORS UNTIL 1963

1.	Acuff, Francis		38.	Harrison, Earnest T.
2.	Airs, James		39.	Hartman, C.
3.	Armstrong, A. C.		40.	Henkle, Saul
4.	Atkins, L. B.	The same of the last	41.	Henley, Edmund
5.	Baldwin, L. H.		42.	Hopkins, S. D.
6.	Bernard, Joab		43.	Howell, John
7.	Best, Hezekiah		44.	Hyde, J. P.
8.	Bird, Richard		45.	Jami son, Enoch G.
9.	Bolton, Robert		46.	Johnson, Frank A.
LO,	Boyd, Robert		47.	Jones, James
11.	Bromwell, Jacob L.		48.	Joyce, C. A.
12.	Brooke, George E.	100	49.	Wennison, Davis
13.	Budd, Thomas		50.	Kepler, Henry S.
14.	Bull, John		51.	Kesler, A. D.
15.	Burge, Adam	I distance in the	52.	Kobler, John
16.	Carson, Joseph		53.	Lambert, C. G.
17.	Carter, Benjamin		54.	Lawson, W.
18.	Carter, J. W.		55.	Lee, Oven M.
19.	Charles, James		56.	Liggett, James P.
20.	Clarke, James M.		57.	Light, J. H.
21.	Cullam, J. Wesley		58.	Little, George O.
22.	Davis, James M.		59.	Lowance, L. L.
23.	Dills, John H.		60.	Lorance, W. P.
24.	Dryle, Thomas J.		61.	Lynch, Charles
26.	Early W. Clarke		62.	Marshall, R. D.
27.	Ecols, George H.		63.	Martin, George
28.	Ellis, Samuel	The second second	64.	Matthews, Lasley
29.	Etchinson, J. P.		65.	McClintic, Cliff F.
30.	Eye, V. D. Fish,		66.	McClure, Thomas F.
31.			67.	McDowell, William
32.	Fringer, G. R.		68.	Walland lin Jacob
33.	Gardiner, J. S. Goodal, A. L.		69.	McEnnally, Jacob McKeehen, Joseph G.
34.	Graybill, L. H.		70.	McKeenen, doser
35.	Green, James N.		71.	Meridith, J. H.
36.	Hamill, A. C.	E	72.	Milam, L. E.
37.	Harber, Obadiah	The state of the s	73.	Miller, W. E.
	Countain		74.	Mills, Nathaniel B.

pontgomery; Samuel 103.

pontgomery; Samuel 104.

portion James E. 105.

poortion Christopher S. 106.

poorting A. P. 107.

peel, S. R. 108.

peel, S. R. 108.

peel, Lorenza D. 109.

pixen, John M. 110. Moser, Lorenza D.

Moserne, John W.

Mosberne, T. E.

Mosperne, T. E.

Mos Reynordson, Jesse 118.

119.

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. James

Smith, John Smith, J. Rembert Smith, Stephen Snyder, Jacob Spencer, William Sprigg, Joseph Start, J. W. Stenemson, Edward Steward, Samuel Stier, Fredrick Summers, Willis Swift, Richard Sydenstricker, Cris Towne, Eli Townsend, S. Tucker, Johathan A. VanHorn, J. H. Ward, James Waters, Lemuel C.
Watts, James
Waugh, Revertor Waugh, Beverley Weeks, Salathiel Wheeler, V. W. Anitesell, W. J. York, J. M.

PREACHERS AND LOCAL PREACHERS WHO MAY HAVE HELD SERVICES AT THE WHITE POLE MEETING HOUSE

Jacob Cook, the brother of Valentine Cook, Sr., settled with him Union, West Virginia. They were cousins of Captain Cook, the celated voyager. Jacob Cook was a local preacher but traveled extendifely.

Valentine Cook, Jr. was one of the most unique characters. He was born in Pennsylvania, having but few advantages, yet he managed to acwire the rudiments of an English and German education. His fondness for hunting, his providential escape from the Indians, his fine qualities of mind and heart, his happy conversion under the preaching of the Methodist itinerant, his call to preach and his rapid progress at Cokesbury College are attractively told in Dr. Edward Stevenson's biographical ketch. "wonderful in the pulpit; overwhelming in the discussion of the discussion of the discussion and successful until his health failed him; rincipal of Bethel Academy in Kentucky (The second Methodist education-linstitution in America); indefatigable in seeking the lost; and to he very end of his life, instrumental in saving multitudes of souls, he eld through de libble impression on the various sections of the wide eld through which he traveled. He was an instance of triumph of in-Heet and goodness over singular physical defects. Afigure without metry, with long limbs, stoop shouldered, a long neck projected at

right angles from between his shoulders, remarkably low forehead, small eyes, a prominent Roman nose, a large mouth, thin it here and the court, thin it right angles from between his shoulders, remarkably low rorehead, shall deeply sunken hazl eyes, a prominent Roman nose, a large mouth, small deeply sunken, coarse black hair, with here and there a thread in the could not fail of sallow complexion, coarse black nair, with here and there a thread in gray - he presented an eccentric appearance that could not fail to in the very singularity. But when he began to speak all these gray - he presented an eccentric appearance that could not fail gray - he pressof its very singularity. But when he began to speak all to in pressof its were forgotten as attention was arrested by the tones of he pressof its very singularity. But when he began to speak all these pressof its very singularity. But when he began to speak all these pressor its were forgotten as attention was arrested by the tones of his and words that burned by the Spirit's mighty power into the hear. cularities were forgotten as attention was cultivated by the cularities were forgotten as attention was cultivated by the Spirit's mighty power into the hearts words and words that burned by the Spirit's mighty power into the hearts bearers produced wonderful effect in comforting believers and et dea voice and words that burned by the open of his hearers produced wonderful effect in comforting believers and of his hearers. He died as he had lived, strong in faith, giving of his hearers produced wonderful effect in configuration of his hearers. He died as he had lived, strong in faith, giving glory i Kirk

William Phoebus (--- 1785). May have been the first preacher sent william Phoebus (--- 1785). May have been single preacher sent to what became the Greenbrier Circuit. Born in Somerset, Connecticut in the state of the state in for the 1754; he was one of the earliest Methodist in this part of the state. jelegat 1754; he was one of the earliest method and studied and practiced the city of New York until 1806 when he reentered the medicine in the city of New York until 1806 when he reentered the Conference. He occupied important positions until 1821 when he became a Supernumery member. He died in 1831 at the age of seventy- seven years. He attended the Christmas Conference where the Methodist Episcopal Church was organized. He was characterized by a philosophic cast of mind, an able but not a popular preacher and possessed of literary abilities much superior to the average attainments of his fellow laborers. hel Hill He edited a magazine for some time in behalf of the Methodists. His 1, V. Hill brethren pronounced him in the Minutes Obituary: "A man of great in-F. T. G. tegrity of character, uniformly pious, deeply read in the Scriptures, a inn Raine sound, experimental and practical preacher", and, "He sweetly fell asleep grank P. 1 in Jesus." (Minutes of 1832). unotes pre at records

THE BEAR STORY OF 1790 *

"A family by the name of Naylor was living about the top of the Gillian mountain. Their house stood on the Stamping Creek side of the field where the Early Ruckman barm now stands. The mother being sick, the father took a child of the familyto the field where he was plowing and left it on a stump (likely in a hollow stump) or about the furror. he later was horrified to see a bear carring away his child. The alarm wes screamed over the mountain side to the Cochran home. Some men gave chase to the bear and following it they found only the feet of the child. There is today a field only a short distance from where the white Pole Meeting House stood called the "Naylor" Field. It is on the farm of Mr. John Wimer of Millpoint, West Virginia. It was named for the child, it being the place from which the bear carried the child." 25:

*The date given by Bishop Asbury in his Journal of his visit to John McNeel's in 1790.

FIRST SETTLERS IN LITTLE LEVELS John McNeel, Edward Kinnison, Charles Kinnison, Jacob Kinnison, John Hill, James Callison, Richard Hill, James Burnsides, James Lewis, John Dick. Samuel Cillison, Richard Hill, James Burnsides, James Lewis, John Dick, Samuel Gilliland, James Brindle, Charles Clendenning, Thomas Brindle, Charles Clendenning, Thomas Brindle, John Day, John Davis, Nathaniel Day, Nathan Gillion, John McCennis, John Poage, Stephen Sewell and the Oldhams.

SUE OF

L Joseph Be L Joel Hill 4 R. W. Hi. G. R. Cui 1913, 19 h Dr. C. W. 4 Isaac Mcl 6. W. Ca. A S. G. Pay . I. V. Bu: 41. V. Ha: 4 Samuel St A Sherman 1 G. L. Car 4. A. C. St.

M. Kiss Mar Niss R. 1, 6, P. Hil k. brs. H. 0. Gilbert 1 1937, 19 Mrse Carl H. R. H. Aul

LAY DELEGATES TO ANNUAL CONFERENCES

6. Mrs. G. W. Clendenin - 1953. Joseph Beard 19003. 1940, 1941. 7. Niss R. Dice Smith - 1954, 1957. Richard Aurarrage 1940, 1943, 1943, 1949, 1950. 1961. Anderson 1949, 1950, 1952. Kirk 1951 8. A. F. Walker - 1956. 9. Miss Margaret LaRue - 1958,1959. 10. Mrs. Belle Auldridge -196 10. Mrs. Belle Auldridge -1960. por the absent years the other Churches of the Circuit.

CHURCH SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS AND THE YEAR OF ELECTION

50 12 to 22 1 Joel Hill - 1895 Dr. T. G. Cook - 1908 John Raine - 1910 Frank P. Kidd - 1915

OF STATE

6. Samuel Sheets - 1927 7. S. D. Kirk - 1931. 8. G. W. Clendenin - 1932 9. G. H. LaRue - 1948 *10. Mrs. Clinton Hill - 1956-

Denotes present superintendent. Denotes pare very incomplete until 1895.)

SOME OF THE DELEGATES TO DISTRICT CONFERENCES FROM VESLEY CHAPEL (lith dates of election or service)

side of eing at 1. Joseph Beard - 1871 2. Joel Hill - 1871 8. E. W. Hill - 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903. G. R. Curry - 1897, 1899, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1913, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1923, 1924.

5. Dr. C. W. Eskridge - 1898, 1911.

6. Isaac McNeel - 1898.

7. G. W. Callison - 1900, 1915, 1918. 8. S. G. Payne - 1908, 1911, 1915. 9. H. W. Burgess - 1909. 10, H. W. Harper - 1916, 1917, 1929. 11. Samuel Sheets - 1916, 1919, 1925, 1927, 1929, 1930. 12. Sherman McCarty - 1917. 13. G. L. Carlisle - 1919, 1927. 14. A. C. Stillwell - 1919, 1923. 15. Miss Margaret LaRue - 1919, 1959, 1960. 16. Miss R. Dice Smith - 1920, 1930, 1933, 1944. 17. G. P. Hill - 1924, 1927. 18. Mrs. H. W. Harper - 1925. --19. Gilbert Morrison - 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939.

20. Mrs. Carl Beard - 1929, 1930, 1940, 1941, 1942.

21. R. H: Auldridge - 1930.

22. Mrs. R. H. Auldridge - 1930, 1960, 1961.

23. Frank K. Johnson - 1933, 1934.

24. Mrs. I. B. Shrader - 1934. 25. E. C. Sheets - 1935, 1938.

26. Wilbur Moore - 1935. 27. Mrs. J. H. Light - 1935.

28. Denny Ruchman - 1939.

29. Mrs. G. W. Clendenin - 1939. 30. Dr. Lillie Holliday - 1942.

31. Mrs. Marvin Smith - 1943, 1944, 1945. 32. G. W. Clendenin - 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947.

33. G. H. LaRue - 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955.

34. A. F. Walker - 1948.

35. Mrs. George Hill - 1948, 1949, 1950.

36. Lloyd Payne - 1951.

37. Mrs. Guy Kinnison-1951, 1952, 1953, 1954.

58. Mrs. Clinton Hill - 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962,

39. Miss Jane Sheets - 1955.

SOME WESLEY CHAPEL LAY LEADERS

(And dates of election)

1. John Raine - 1910

2. E. P. Kidd - 1914

3. A. C. Stillwell - 1917

4. Samuel Sheets - 1919

5. George Hill - 1925 6. S. D. Kirk - 1926

7. George L. Carslile - 1927

8. Frank K. Johnson - 1931

9. E. C. Sheets - 1938

10. Chester C. Farmer - 1951

11. Elmer Wymer - 1954

12. Denny Ruckman - 1957

13. Marion Hill - 1959

14. Graham LaRue - 1961

PRESIDENTS OF WOMAN'S SOCIETIES OF CHRISTIAN SERVICE

1. Mrs. Carl Beard - 1940

2. Mrs. Marvin Smith - 1943

3. Mrs. Lovic Vaubhn - 1946

4. Mrs. George Hill - 1948 5. Mrs. Guy Kinnison - 1951

6. Miss Jane Sheets - 1954 7. Mrs. Elmer Wymer - 1956

8. Miss Margaret LaRue - 1957 9. Mrs. Joseph Smith - 1959-

PRESIDENTS OF MISSIONARY SOCIETY

1. Mrs. W. D. Eye - 1916

2. Miss R. Dice Smith

JUNIOR STEWARDS OF WESLEY CHAPEL AND THE TIME OF THEIR ELECTION .

1. Milburn George Curry - 1923

2. Gail Auldridge - 1923 3. Glen Smith - 1923

4. Tyler Pone - 1923

5. Claude Warren - 1923

6. Gilbert Morrison - 1923



George Milburn Curry Hillsboro, W. Va.

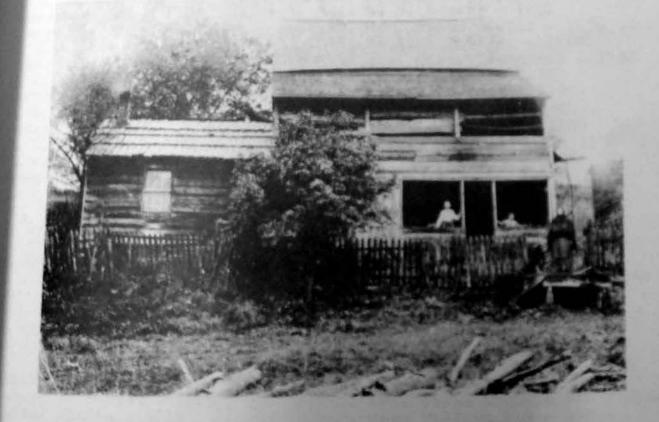
1950, 196,

1 - 1030 armer - 1954

1059

This is the picture of Milburn Curry when he was a senior in the Hillsboro High School and a Junior Steward at Wesley Chapel. His father before him served many years as an official of this church.

Dr. George Milburn Curry is now a member of the Editorial Board of the Methodist Church at Nashville, Tennessee.



The William Clendenen Home built at the entrance of the "old Cave Fort Clendenen" at the mouth of "Stamping Creek." The foundation of this home can still be seen at this writing.

SOME OF THE EPWORTH LEAGUE PRESIDENTS

C. W. Eskridge - 1907 S. R. Neel - 1911 Mrs. R. Dice Smith - 1914 iss Margaret LaRue - 1917

5. Mrs. Dakota Nottingham - 1930 6. Lewis W. Lowance - 1931

7. Lucy Auldridge - 1933

PRESIDENTS OF YOUTH FELLOWSHIP

Ruth Hill - 1944 Mary E. Dalton - 1946 Bonita Anderson - 1948 Thomas Walker - 1949 Patty Burns - 1951

6. Janice Walker - 1953 7. Ruth Moore - 1954 8. Loui se Hollandsworth - 1955 9. Wilma Moore - 1959 10. Peggy Evans - 1961-

STEVARDS OF WESLEY CHAPELS (With the dates of their first election so far as known)

1. John Hill - 1848 . John McNeill - 1848 3. G. W. Amiss - 1852 James Edmiston - 1852 6. George R. Curry - 1895 R. W. Hill - 1895 7. Ellis McCarty - 1895-1934. 8. N. C. B. Kinnison - 1895 George G. Clendenin - 1895 E. H. Moore - 1895 . Joseph S. McNeel - 1898 R. C. W. Eskridge - 1898 L. H. W. Burgess - 1901 Frank Hill - 1902 G. W. Callison - 1902 Dr. T. G. Cook - 1907 W. H. Burgess - 1907 T. C. Burgess - 1907 W. D. Clark - 1907 S. J. Payne - 1908 Jolien Raine - 1910 John Raine - 1911 R. H. Calli son - 1911 H. A. Overholt - 1913 H. W. Harper - 1913 Sherman McCarty - 1913 Joseph S. McNeel - 1913 Samuel Sheets - 1914 J. K. Marshall - 1917 A. C. Stillwell - 1917 *G. L. Carlisle - 1919 George L. Clark - 1925 S. D. Kirk - 1925 *George T. Clendenin - 1926 *Gilbert Morrison - 1927

36. E. C. Sheets - 1928 37. R. H. Auldridge - 1930 *38. Miss R. Dice Smith - 1931 39. R. W. Rogers - 1932 40. Mrs. Frank Harper - 1934 41. Pauline Shrader - 1934 *42. Mrs. G. V. Clendenin - 1935 *43. A. F. Walker - 1935 44. Lucy Auldridge - 1935 45. Denny Ruckman - 1938 46. Richard McCarty - 1938 . 47. Dr. Lillie Holiday - 1938 48. L. P. Anderson - 1938 49. Guy Kinnison - 1943 '50. Carl A. Rund - 1943 51. Elmer Wymer - 1948 52. C. C. Farmer - 1950 53. John Troudt - 1950 *54. Mrs. Clinton Hill -1952 *55. Mrs. Cleveland Harvey - 1954 56. Remus May - 1955 57. Dan Skaggs - 1955 *58. Graham LaRue - 1957 59. Mrs. 1. B. Shrader - 1957 60. Mrs. Georgia Vaughn - 1958 *61. Ralph Burns - 1959 *62. Mrs. James Workman II. - 1959 *63. Mrs. William Fox - 1960 *64. Mrs. Ernest Beverage - 1960 *65. Mrs. Marion Hill - 1960 *65. Mrs. Marion Hill - 1960 *66. Mrs. Virgil Fowler - 1960 *67. Mrs. Sanford Kirk - 1960 *68. Harper Hill - 1960 *69. Mrs. Darrel Brown - 1960 *70. Mrs. William Workman - 1960 * Indicates present stewards.

CRURCH TRUSTEES

MOUNT TABOR

- 1. Thomas Scott -1799 2. John E. Pinnel. - 1799 3. Richard Hill - 1799
- 4. Griffith Evans 1799
- 5. Jacob Kinnison 1799

- 6. Alexander Waddell 1799 7. William Waddell - 1799
- 8. James Lewis 1799
- 9. Jonathan McNeill 1799

TRUSTEES OF "BURNT CHURCH" OR "MILL RUN CHURCH" ACADEMY, WEST VA.

- 10. William Edminston 1830
- Il. Andrew Edminston 1830
- 12. John Grimes 1830
- 13. Richard Hill 1830

- 14. Mark Kinni son 1830
- .15. Abraham Hill 1830
- 16. Nathaniel Kinnison 1830

TRUSTEES OF WESLEY CHAPELS (Time Of Election)

- 17. Israel J. Kinnison 1853
- 18. Richard Hill -19. James Edminston - 1853
- 20. George Amiss 1853
- 21. Thomas Morrison 1853
- 22. E. Whiting 1853
- 23. J. H. Ruckman 1853
- 24. S. Auldridge 1853
- 25. 0. W. Ruckman 1853
- 20. George Hill 1895
- 27. N. C. B. Kinnison 1895
- 28. W. H. Callison 1895
- 29. W. H. Overholt 1895
- 30 . R. W. Hill 1895
- 31. E. H. Moore 1895
- 32, Isaac McNeel 1395
- 33. George R. Curry 1895
- 34. J. S. McNeel 1897
- 35. G. G. Clendenin 1897
- 36. A. R. Smith 1893
- 37. Sidney Payne 1898
- 38. George W. Callison 1900
- 39. F. R. Hill 1907

- 40. G. W. Fuller 1909
- 41. Ellis McCarty 1914
- . 42, J. Lanty McNeel 1917
- . 43. F. P. Kidd 1923
- *44. G. W. Clendenin 1931
 - 45. R. W. Rogers 1931
 - 46. S. D. Kirk 1931
- *47. E. C. Sheets 1931
- . 48. G. L. Carlisle 1932
- 49. A. F. Walker 1936
- *50. R. Dice Smith 1943
- . 51. Mrs. G. W. Clendenin 1948
- . 52. L. P. Anderson 1948 .
- 53. Mrs. Guy Kinnison 1948
- *54. G. H. LaRue 1948
- . 55. Mrs. Georgia Vaughn 1948
- *56. D. S. Ruckman 1951
- . 57. Harrel McCarty 1950, 1954, 1957, #1
- *58. Alfred Callison 1955 . 59. Guy Kinni son - 1955, 1957.
- . 30. Dan Skaggs 1955
- . 61. William Fox 1960 (Deceased)
- *62. Sanford Kirk 1962

PARSONAGE TRUSTEES

- 1. James Wanless 1847
- 2. John Hill 1847 3. Abraham Hill - 1847
- 4. John McNeill 1347 5. George Burner - 1847
- 6. William Young 1847
- 7. John H. Ruckman 1847 8. John Wooddell - 1847
- 9. Nathaniel Kinni son 1847

- 10. I saac McNeel 1907
- 11. J. S. McNeel 1907
- 12. R. W. Hill 1907
- 13. Ellis McCarty 1907 14. Asbury R. Smith - 1907
- 15. S. J. Payne 1907
- 16. G. W. Callison 1907
- 17. F. R. Hill 1907 18. N. C. B. Kinni son - 1914

(Parsonage Trustees Continued)

29. D. S. Ruckman - 1944

30. L. P. Anderson - 1948

30. L. P. Anderson - 1948

31. S. D. Kirk - 1948

32. Mrs. I. B. Shrader - 1948

33. Ralph Burns - 1948

34. F. T. Harrison - 1927

34. Denver Hollandsworth - 1952

35. Charles Kramer - 1956

36. H. LaRue - 1936

*37. W. D. Workman - *38. Wilfred Bruffey - *3

PLEDGES ON THE ADVANCE FOR CHRIST - WESLEY CHAPEL 1950

rcle #1. of the Woman's Society of Christian Service ... 3100.00.
ircle #2. of the Woman's Society of Christian Service ... 100.00.
in's Bible Class ... 100.00.
ihodist Youth Fellowship ... 100.00.
TOTAL 3310.00.

RULING ELDERS

Ruling Elders of the "Brick" Pesbyterian Church that gave permission for Methodist Services to be held in their Church after the burning of Mill Run Church until the building of Wesley Chapel in 1853 were:

Although this brick Church was built in 1828, in 1830 the Church swithout any Ruling Elders so it had to be reorganized. On August 28, and work started a-new with twelve members as follows: George Poage, Italian Bradshaw, Samuel D. Poage, William Bradshaw, Samuel D. Poage, William Bradshaw, John Jordan, The following were elected Elders: Josiah Beard, Jordan, George Poage, and Samuel D. Poage, Josiah Beard,

* John Jordan is the man who with his wife gave the land for the ill Run Church and was buried on the sit of that Church. His wife, the man who with his buried by his side. See photo.

WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS

The Woman's Home Lissionary Society was organized for the first ine in July 1902, with eight members and Mrs. Charles Lynch as presidies Aid followed this organization. Then following the union of the assertice was organized in 1939 the woman's Society of Christmasisted of two Circles; one of the Cidcles contained the older women the other the younger. Both Circles became effective in the work of an paying yearly about one hundred dollars on Church insurance. There

EPROUTH LEAGUE AND YOUTH FELLOWSHIP

The first record of an Epworth League at Vesley Chapel is in 1895. The first record of an Epworth Bedget was reorganized by In 1895. For a short time it ceased to function but was reorganized by Dr. C. V. For a short time it ceased to lunction be ship of thirty-five and it met Eskridge in the early 1900's with a membership of thirty-five and it met Eskridge in the early root and Tuesday evenings. This League bought a twice a week; on Sunday and Tuesday evenings. This League bought a twice a week; on Sunday and Idesan, Virginia on July 30, 1909. For two windowfor a new Church at Balding Special of twenty-five dollars years, 1912,1913, it paid an African Special of twenty-five dollars per years, 1912,1913, it paid an African Special of twenty-five dollars per years, Honor came to the organization in 1918 when it won both the County and District banners at the District Convention held at Durbin, West Virginia. In 1923 the League assumed and paid two hundred dollars West Virginia. In 1920 the Church inside and out. The highest member-

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The Epworth League changed to the Youth Fellowship and it set a second high record of membership with fifty-five members in 1948. In this year great prominence came to the Methodist Youth Fellowship of Wesley Chapel when through the efforts of the Reverend A. J. Schrader eleven members attended the National Youth Fellowship Conference in Cleveland, Ohio. In 1949 the Fellowship pledged and paid two hundred dollars on the new parsonage. In 1951 it paid forty dollars on the

COMMITTEES ON BUILDING PARSONAGE - ELECTED MAY 10, 1948

Advisory

To D. C. Sheets . 8. Board Bill	9. Mrs. T. H. Elmore 10. Mrs. Dorsey May 11. Milton Vaughan 12. L. P. Anderson
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Corespondence

Le Maine Bas Take	Corespondence	
1. Miss Ethel May 2. Mrs. Earl Slavin 3. Mrs. Walter Arbogast	6. Mrs. Clarke Gum	7. Mrs. George Clendenin 8. Mrs. George Hill 9. Mrs. I. B. Shrader
	Carlo	

Subscription

To Mrs. Walter And	8. S. D. Kirk	10. Mrs. Mary Hogsett 11. L. P. Anderson 12. A. F. Walker 13. Mrs. I. B. Shrader
2211016		13. Mrs. 1. B. Shrader

Inspection

1.	Ralph	Burns	Inspection			
3.	A. F.	Anderson Walker Newman		The State of the S	7.	Mrs. H. T. Elmore Mrs. Dorsey May Mrs. Mary Hogsett Milton Vaughan

1955 FURNISHINGS OF THE PRESENT PARSONAGE

Imported mahogany furniture for the living room, dining room, and bed rooms was bought from the James Electrical Company of Mebane,

The Company gave a large discount, and the total factcarolina. The Company gave a large discount, and the total factcarolina. The company gave a large discount, and the total factcarolina. The specific to bring the furniture was
cost was 5751.00. Expense of the trip to bring the furniture was
cost was dollars and fifty cents. The sinks, cabinets, lights and
course for the kitchen were bought at cost from A. D. Schrader and
course of Pittsburg, came to Hillsboro and in the severe and schrader. renty for the kitchen were sugar. The Reverend Schrader and course of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. The Reverend Schrader's father and in Pittsburg, came to Hillsboro and installed the fixtures. lives in Pittsburgerator, range and water heater were supplied by Mr. electric refrigeration on the main floor of the parsonage the kirk at a reduced price. On the main floor of the parsonage the pa ndow sash and frames throughout the house are of aluminum. The table ndor sash and the kitchen arefrom the Woman's Society of Christian de chairs in the kitchen arefrom the Woman's Society of Christian d chairs to man's S rvice of Wesley Chapel, coming as their gift.

THOSE WHO CONTRIBUTED LABOR ON THE PARSONAGE GARAGE - 1951

2. S. Neyman - Marvin Chapel Denver Hollandsworth - Sharon

Elmer Wymer E. C. Sheets

Gilbert Morrison

Eletette I

4 100 600

ay

6. I. B. Shrader

7. D. D. Ruckman installed side door. 8. Cleveland Miller

9. Frank A. Johnson, framed roof etc. 10. Milton Vaughan - Emmanuel

Denny Hollandsworth furnished an electric power saw.

A. Killingsworth furnished a brick cutter. Mrs. Frank A. Johnson furnished some meals for the workers.

PARSONAGE DEDICATION SERVICE HILLSBORO, WEST VIRGINIA AUG. 26, 1951

200 P. M. at Wesley Chapel The Prelude - Miss R. Dice Smith Call to worship - Choir

Hymn: "Come, Thou God of Grace." #550. - Giardini Invocation conclued by the Lord's Prayer : Rev. T. E. Painter Solo: "First Psalm" - Robert Auldridge of New York City. Responsive Reading: "Family Religion" page 563 .- Rev . Clyde Hensly

Prayer; Rev. A. J. Schrader Hymn: "Faith of Our Fathers" #256 - Henry Offering for parsonage Fund Offertory and Presentation of Offering Hymn: "Lead On O King Eternal" #278 -Smart

The Dedication Sermon: Bishop Lloyd C. Wicke of Pittsburg. Prayer: Bishop Wicke

Doxology

00 P. M. At the Parsonage. Sentences of Praise: Bishop Lloyd C. Wicke, "Peace Be To This House" Hymn: "Oh Thou hose Hand Hath Brought Us" #551 - Webb Prayer: The Reverend Clyde Hensley, District Superintendent of the Lewisburg District of the Methodist Church.

Solo: "Bless This House" - Mr. Robert Auldridge. ACT OF DEDICATION:

Trustees: "We present this building to be dedicated to the Glory of God and as a home for the Methodist Ministers and their families who are assigned to this Charge."(A. P. Walker and the other Trustees.) See list.

(Dedication Continued) Bishop Wicker "By what name shall it be called? "It shall be called, "The Parsonage of the Levelton Charge of the Methodist Church People:---Bi shop Wicke: "In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy In the Name of the Father, the glory of God, committee Spirit, we dedicate this house and all who dwell in Spirit, we dedicate this house and all who dwell in it. --- "Have Thou respect unto the prayer of thy servant, that People: Thine eyes may be open toward this house night and day. Bi shop Wicke: "We dedicate this home to the deep affections of the family. People: "Our Lord Jesus Christ make you abound and increase in love. Bishop Wicke: "We dedicate this house to happiness, to hopefulness and to health, that it may ever be to those whose home it is, a dear haven of peace and joy. People: "Glory to God in the Highest, and on earth, peace, good will toward men. Bishop Wicke: "We dedicate this parsonage home with deep gratitude for loyal comrades who have made with us this good adventure; and with high hope for those who shall walk this way in

People: "Glory be to Thee, O Lord Most High. Amen. Prayer: Benediction.

days to come.

JOSEPH BEARD

For many years Mr. Joseph Beard was quite prominent in the affairs of Wesley Chapel. His big black dog always accompanied him to Church and lay quietly in the aisle by his master's side in what appeared to be perfect reverence. Mr. Beard was very particular in his manner of dress. His old black walnut clothes cupboard is now in the home of the late Mrs. Joseph S. McNeel at Hillsboro, West Virginia. This cupboard was the handiwork of Mr. Asbury P. Smith. The top was for clothing storage and the bottom for boots. Mr. Beard represented his Church as a lay man perhaps more than other in the Baltimore Conference before 1900.

RECENT CHURCH AND PAUSONAGE IMPROVEMENTS.

At a Quarterly Conference held September 15, 1951, with Rev. Frank A. Johnson acting as chairman, the building of a garage for the use of the occupants of the parsonage was authorized and the following building Committee named: P. H. Burns, D. S. Ruckman, Harold Elmore, E. S. Newman, D. R. Hollandsworth, A. F. Walker, Dorsey May and M. D. Vaughan. The pastor and E. S. Newman broke ground and dug the foundation ditches. The plan called for a red brick-crete garage with cement floor, fourteen by twenty-eight feet in size, with one window on the west side and a common door on the north side, at the main entrance a metal overhead sliding door. Brick laying constituted the only labor costs. The pastor assisted by several interested parishoners framed it, installed the window and metal door. The wooden door was hung by D. S. Ruckman. The total cost of the garage was \$672.13.

Two floor-to-ceiling bookcases were built in the pastor's study this same year by Mr. Graham LaRue and the pastor, Frank A. Johnson.

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grounds at Wesley Chapel have been improved and at the parsonage Grounds at the parsonage several foundation plantings have been made. Flower beds and beauty to approaches. A power mower helps keep the several lound approaches. A power mover helps keep the lawn prealor and beauty Spruce were purchased and planted by Frank A. chuson from a nursery in Maine.

chason from a nursely chason from a nursely chason from a nursely chason from a nursely chason floors were refinished in 1962 and look the best that they have have The floors were new carpet has been laid on the dais and aisles of auditorium. It shows the remarkable work of many laisles of wer looked. Lover, It shows the remarkable work of many loving hearts.

THE RICHARD HILL FAMILY

Gichard Hill - Born July 13, 1769 - Died December 10, 1861.

Children

17, 1788 - Died February 15, 1865.

1. Thomas Hill - Born August 17, 1788 - Died February 15, 1865. 2. Elizabeth Hill - Born September 3. John Hill - Born July 29, 1792 - Died December 25, 1869.

Martha Hill - Born August 25, 1795.

6. Abraham Hill - Born December 3, 1799 - Died January 6, 1871

7. Isaac Hill - Born July 23, 1802

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B. William Hill - Born December 27, 1804

9. Joel Hill - Born February 23, 1807 - Died February 18, 1884 10. George Hill - Born June 3, 1811

THE JOHN MONE IL FAMILY

John McNeel - Born 1745 and died at the age eighty in 1825 Martha Davis McNeel - Born 1742 Or 1743 and died in 1830 at age of 88yrs.

Children

Abraham - Born in 1767; Married Margaret Lamb - Had one daughter. Elizabeth Bridges " three sons. 3rd Madeline Haines " two sons

beby boy (unnamed) born while the father was at Point Pleasant and buried on Mount Tabor back of the Meeting House under a tree in a grave dug by the mother. (October, 1774)

Isaac - Born 1775. Married Rachael McKeever - Had four sons and

four daughters. Married Ann Seybert - had two sons and five

daughters. ariam - Born in 1976 and Died 1857; Married John Jordan and had five sons and three daughters.

Nancy - Born 1769; died 1861. She had seven sons and three daughters. Her husband was the pioneer Richard Hill and lived on Hill's

artha - Married Griffith Evans and moved west after a few years.

The above comes patly from the old Welsh Bible brought to the Little evels by Martha Davis McNeel, from McNeel history in the possession of Edwin Bruffey of Beard, West Virginia and part from the inscriptions the grave stones in the McNeck Cemetery. (See pictures in illustrate ons.). The said of the said

THE KINNISONS

The Kinnison family is of English origin. John Keniston is the founder, it seems, of the American line. He came to the Massachusetts Bay Colony from Bristol, England. He was a contributor to the Portsmouth Puritan Church of New Hampshire in 1666. His house was burned and he was killed by the Indians in King Phillip's War in 1677.

Some claim that David Kinnison of the fourth generation was the father of Charles and Jacob Kinnison, pioneers of Little Levels and conders of the White Pole Meeting House with John McNeel. This is hardly probable, but there is no doubt as to the fact of some blood relationship. David was born at Old Kingston, New Hampshire in 1736 and died in Chicago, Illinois at the age of one hundred fifteen years. His grave is in Lincoln Park, Illinois and is marked by the DAR and SAR monument honoring him as being the last survivor of the famous Boston Tea Party which occurred at Griffin's Wharf, Boston, Massachusetts, on December 16, 1773. He helped throw the tea into the harbor. He, also, served in the American Revolution and the War of 1812. A family tradition is that when David threw the tea into the harbor that he threw the "T" out of his name. David Kinnison had four wives and twenty- two children.

Charles Kinnison came to Little Levels in 1765 with his brother Jacob. Charles married Martha Day. (See Suppliment: John Day). Their first child born here in 1767 was called "David". Here Charles acquired large and extensive tracts of land, from land grants from the Commonwealth of Virginia, part of which was named Kennison Mountain in his honor. This mountain is east of Hillsboro and still bears the same name. As a private in Captain Stuart's Company of Greenbrier Volunteers of Botetourt County, Virginia under the command of General Lewis, he was wounded in the Battle of Point Pleasant, October 10, 1774. Charles and Jacob were among the first members of the White Pole Metting House Methodist of the Little Levels built on Mount Tabor. Jacob became a trustee of the Mount Tabor Methodist Church of Hillsboro, Virginia (Now W.Va) in 1799.

JOHN DAY

John Day was born June 30, 1742 in Buck County, Pennsylvania. He lived on the Greenbrier river in 1785. In this region he served as a scout (1775-1776) for about eighteen months. He was the brother of David, Sally and Martha Day. Martha married Charles Kinnison.

Here is the account he gives in one of his letters now recorded in "Kegley's Virginia Frontier" by F. B. Kegley concerning the capture of

"The Shawnee Indians had come into Botetourt County in the State of Virginia and killed my brother, David Day, and had taken my mother and two sisters, Sally and Martha Day, prisoners and had also taken some other property, and made for their towns. The first night the Indians camped on the mountain Cape Caper and Cedar Creek and at that camp killed my Mother, Susan Day, formerly Susan Wylie, daughter of James Wylie. Cap. Fry raised twenty men of which I was one and we followed and when we came to the Indian camp aforesaid, there lay my Mother dead and striped naked her head skinned, and we lifted her and laid her between two rocks and laid some rocks over her, and followed on after the Indians. The second day we came in sight of them at their camp, and I maised

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gun to shoot one of them and just as I was about to draw trigger I gun. to shoot one of the up right before the muzzel of my gun, between one of my sisters and I was so alarmed at seeing my sister rise between the Indian, and I was so alarmed at seeing my sister rise before and the Indian, and the involuntarily hollowed, which so alarmed the Indians that I involuntarily hollowed, which so alarmed the Indians that gun that I mun, leaving the prisoners and what they had at camp and broke and their might, and we got the prisoners and what process and what process and the prisoners and the prisoners and the prisoners and what process are the prisoners and what they had at camp and the prisoners are the prisoners and what they had at camp and the prisoners are the prisoners and what they had at camp and the prisoners are the prisoners and what they had at camp and the prisoners are the prisoners and the prisoners are the prisoners are the prisoners and the prisoners are the prisoners are the prisoners are the prisoners are the prisoners and the prisoners are broke and run, might, and we got the prisoners and what property the dians left at the camp and brought all safe to the Post. ans left at the Counteered under Captain Paxton and marched to the

oint at the mouth of New River. ... Na Sulling after I returned home, the Indians were still troublesome about After I reduce a fort during the remainder of the British War and His Fort and Days Cook appointed me to range as a spy in Botetourt it, and Cap. Cook appointed me to range as a spy in Botetourt around the forts, to discover if there were any Indian signs in carts, and under this appointment I acted during the remaining the remainin that he that bunty around the sappointment I acted during the remainder of the British War, and so sometime after it was over. The Indians were the British war, so as to keep the people forted all the time. The time I at var, so as (Little Levels) was about one year and six months but think the time if added together, would be more than that. On the think the Greenbrier in Virginia while I was spy John Bridges and aters of the direction with the 'Indians, scalped and stripped within a ames Bridges well hill for the Fort (Days) and I was near falling into the hands the Indians while helping others to escape from them."

Four years after Cornwallis was taken John Day moved to Green county, Tennessee, where he died in 1833. *14:667,668.

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THE INDIANS ATTACK

"After the attack on Donnelly's Fort in May 1778, the Indians made no attempt to affect farther mischief in the Greenbrier County, until this year. The Fort at Point Pleasant guarded the principal pass to the settlements on the Kanawha, in the Little Levels, and on Greenbrier River, and the reception with which they had met at Colonel Donnelly's conwired them that there was not much to be gained by incursions into that section of the frontiers. But as they were now making great preparations for effectual operations against the whole border country, a party of them was dispatched to this portion of it at once for the purpose of rapine and murder, and to ascertaine the state of the country and its capscity to resist invasion.

The party they sent into Greenbrier consisted of twenty-two warriors, and committed their first act of atrocity near the house of Larrence Dringin, a few miles above Little Levels. Henry Baker and Richard Hill, who were then staying there, going early in the morning to the river to wash, were shot at by them: Baker was killed, but Hill escaped back to the house. When the Indians fired at Baker he was near a fence be tween the river and Drinnin's and within gunshot of the latter place. Pearing to sross the fence for the purpose of scalping him, they prized it up, and with a pole fastening a noose around his neck, drew him down the river hank and scalped and left him there.

Apprehensive of an attack on the house, Mr. Drinnin made such prehe Little I an attack on the house, Mr. Dilling and a servant to the Little Levels, with the intelligence and to procure assistance. He bresently returned with twenty men, who remained there during the might, but in the manner that the last the la but in the morning, seeing nothing to contradict the belief that the indians had departed, they buried Baker, and set out on their return to the "Levels", taking with them all who were at Drinnin's and most of his property. Arrived at the fork of the road, a question arose whether they should take the main route leading through the gap, which was deemed a favorable situation for an ambuscade, or continue on the farther but open and secure way. A majority preferred the latter, but two young men by the names of Bridger, separated from the others and traveling on the nearest path, were killed at the place where it was feared danger might be lurking.

They next went to a house occupied by Thomas Drinnin and a Mr. Smith with their families, where they made prisoners of Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Drinnon and a child; and going then towards their towns, killed on the way an old gentleman by the name of Monday and his wife. This was the last outrage committed by the Indians in the Greenbrier Settlement. "*

The Bridger men were killed on what is now the E. S. Newman Farm.

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(According to Dr. Douglas McNeill, this likely took place in 1786.) *36:291-293.

FORTS

FORT BURNSIDE: On the Greenbrier river likely on an island near what used to be the Burnside rail road station of the C & O Railroad below Seebert, West Virginia. "James Burnside was one of the earliest settlers along the river." He is listed as a settler in 1753 and as having land surveys on the Greenbrier by 1750-1752 and 1754. "In 1773 his place was well known and seems to have been a stopping place for explorers. In that year we find that John Alderson, Curtis Alderson, Joseph Carroll, William Morris, John Herd from Shenanadoah County were there as lodgers on their way to take up lands on the New River; at this place they were joined by Archibald Taylor, Philip Cooper and Walter Kelley. Burnside seems to have been a trader." "Scouts" were often at Fort Wood on Rich Creek and patrolled the country for thirty miles or more until they met those from Fort Burnsides." 37:, 38:.

FORT DAY: Called Fort Beckley or Cackley and Fort Price located on the little hill just above the Big Spring at Millpoint where the late Mr. J. Lanty McNeel's house now stands. "From the middle of April (1779) until the middle of October spies were kept scouring the country from Fort Lick on Elk River to Drennin's Fort and Fort Beckley in the Little Levels. "*14: John Day acted as Colonial Scout during the Revolutionary War and was stationed at Fort Day (likely named for him) to cover the distance from Fort Day to Fort Ellis.

FORT ELLIS: Location not known today.

FORT CLENDENEN: (Little Levels) Situated at the mouth of Stamping Creek, a cave-fort made of stone on the land owned by William Clendenin of 1780 in which services were held by the Rev. John Smith in the spring of 1788. See picture of the Clendenen home built later at the Fort entrance. This picture is in the possession of G. W. Clendenen at his

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me in Hillsboro, West Virginia. Wallace Austin's Fort was near the present boundry of AUSTIN: Wallace Austin's Fort was near the present boundry of Pocahonta's County and Greenbrier County. It may have been on the Pocahonta's Droop Mountain Log Church. *1: Pocanon Droop Mountain Log Church. *1:

CACKLEY'S POST OFFICE - POCAHONTAS COUNTY - 1834

Constitution of the second S. Verman Rate (This is now the Millpoint Post Office in the upper part of Little (This is no contains several dwellings; one mercantile store; one oil evels. I to day machine; one tan yard, etc. The country around is ill; one carding fertile, producing well, Indian corn, wheat, rye, cats, ostly level and fertile, producing well, Indian corn, wheat, rye, cats, ostatoes, flax, etc., and is an excellent grass country. This is called he datoes, first rate springs abound in almost every direction nd most of them sink again after running a short distance." (From Joseph Martin's, "Gazetteer of Virginia", published in 1835.)

SOME PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE WHO HAVE LIVED IN HILLSBORD

1750 and a Mrs. Pearl Buck was born in Hillsboro, West Virginia in the house now owned by Mrs. John Townsend, a short distance along on the main S. Highway #219 east of the Corporation. She is the most famous West Virginia author.

- 2. The Reverend Doctor George Milburn Curry, whose father had great ere often prominance in Wesley Chapel, was born in what is now the Richard milesm McCarty home and grew to manhood in this community. He was among the first young men to be elected as a Junior Steward of Wesley Chapel. He attended Asbury College in Wilmore, Kentucky, West Virginia Institute of Technology and Candler School of Theology. He became District Supertelas intendent of the Parkersburk District of the Methodist Church in the West Virginia Annual Conference and sometime later joined the Editorial Mim Board of the Methodist Church located at Nashville, Tennessee. He is still helping to produce our great Church literature.
- e des The Mr. Fenton Chapman: a resident of Hillsboro is the oldest member living of the Young Men's Christian Association. He was converted in services held by that organization. For a short time as a young man he belonged to Wesley Chapel. He is now a member of the Oak Grove Presbyterian Church.
 - Miss Roberta Dice Smith, a life-long resident of Hillsboro, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Asbury Smith and the grandaughter of the Reverend Stephen Smith, was honored as the "Teacher of the Year" for Pocahontas County for the year 1958 chosen by the Marlinton Woman's Club. The principles for her solection were: scholastic achievement, teaching

e perionce, humanitarian attitude toward students, outstanding work beyond the call of duty and interest in community, state and national afyourd the call or duty and interest the years of public school teach fairs. This award came after thirty-five years of public school teach. ing. She taught her first year at Elkton, Virginia. Then for eleven years, during her mother's illness, she stayed at home nursing and careing for her parents until their death in 1923. The following year Miss Smith began teaching in Hillsboro. That year her sister-in-law died leaving six children, the oldest fourteen and the two youngest being seven year old twins. She brought them to her home and cared for them until all were through High School and were able to do for themselves. During this time her teaching continued at Hillsboro. She is a member of Wesley Chapel, the Woman's Society of Christian Service, a steward, teaches the Ladies' Bible Class and plays the piano for the Church Services. She loves teaching; loves and inspires her pupils. To meet her is to love her.

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ANCESTORS AND DECENDENTS OF WILLIAM HENRY KINNISON

OF ANGUS, NEBRASKA

Oliver Wendell Holmes, one of the most famous Justices of the U.S. Supreme Court said: "While there is no disgrace in not having a definite line of ancestry to lock back upon, stillit is very much better to have one," In the light of this statement on American Civil Law, the follow ing encestral history has been edited by Mr. Don E. Kinnison of Berkley, California, only and eldest son of the eldest son of William Henry Karison of Angus, and Mrs. Charles M. Skinner (Gertrude Kinnison Melvin), his daughter. This chart has been edited for the benefit of posterity and for the information of the grandchildren and great grandchildren of William Henry Kinnison.

(This information is on file at the National Clearing House of Genealogical Information, The Institute of American Genealogy, 407 South, Dearborne Street, Chicago, Illinois, and is to be published in the Compendium of American Genealogy, First Families of America, Vol. VIII.

The line is as follows:

FIRST GENERATION: . John Keniston, founder of the line in America, came to the Massachusetts Bay Colony from Bristol Gloucester county, England, and was on the list of those that came to Portsmouth, New Hamp shire, after 1658. He was somehow decended from the Royal English Landed Gentry Family of Kynaston, which had its origin at Tre-gynvarth, Shropshire County(Salop), England. He contributed to the Portsmouth Puritan Church in 1666; was taxed at Dover in 1669, 1671 and 1674. He was killed and his home burned by the Indians in King Phillip's War at Graenland, New Hampshire, on April 16, 1677. His estate was administered by his wife Agnes Magoon, and their second son was:

SECOND GENERATION: Christopher Kenniston, married at Exter, New Hamp shire, on December 1, 1877, to Mary Mushamore. He served in King Phillip's War and was in Major Appleton's Company. Their fifth child

so the testanding so of public and the school of the sold of the school e two wounders of the conditions of the canal capable of the capab Samuel Kinniston, who married at Straham, New Hampdescription on December 23, 1722, Ruth Rundlett. He was in the troops on December 23, 1722, Ruth Rundlett. He was in the troops of defense at Greenland the same year. They lived at Old Kingston, defense; then, in Brentwood, and at the outbreak of the Revolution, they were residing at Lebanon, Maine. Their third child defensive; then, in Bredword, and the outbreak of the Revolution Rampshire; they were residing at Lebanon, Maine. Their third child was:

WART, they were residing at Lebanon, who was born at Old Kingston, New Rampshire, on November 17, 1736, and who died at Chicago, Illinois, Rampshire, 24, 1852, at the age of 115 years. His grave in Lineary, 1852, at the age of 115 years. Hampshire, 1852, at the age of 115 years. His grave in Lincoln February 24, 1605, is marked by a DAR and SAR Konument honoring chicago, Illines, chicago, Chicago, Illines, chicago, Chicago, Illines, chicago, chi s as being the las Wharf, Boston, Massachusetts on December 16, 1773. ared at Grillia s the into the harbor. He also served in The American belped throw the tea into the harbor, and was one of the found. helped throw the total action in the also served in The Americal and in the Mar of 1812, and was one of the founders of the golden. A family tradition is that the name was also helption, and in the lar of low, and was one of the founders of the colution, and in the lar of low, and was one of the founders of the der of Redmen. A family tradition is that the name was "Kenniston" bette the Boston Tea Party and that when David threw the tea into the return, he also threw the "t" out of his name. Hence, any people named that to us, however, distantly; but those with the extra latter are dennison, Remison, distantly; but those with the extra letter are plated to us, nowever, dashers, if any at all. David Kinnison had four ves and twenty-two children.

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tices of the P. FM GENERATION: Charles and Jacob Kinnison, who were among the first gettlers to cross the Allegheny mountains to settle and found what having a defini now Hillsboro, West Virginia, Pocahontas County in 1763. Charles was h better to be orn'in 1750 and died in 1826 in Ohio. At Hillsboro he acquired large Law, the falls ern in 1100 the acquired large and extensive tracts of land, part of which was named "Kennison "mounti son of Berry in in his honor. This mountain is northwest of Hillsboro, and still liam Henry L pars the same name. .. There is also a small stream that empties into he Greenbrier River that was also named in his honor, and is called " of postent and of General Levis, and was mustered into the comand of General Lewis, and was mustered into the service at Camp Union, minimia. He was wounded in the Battle of Point Pleasant, Lord Dunmore Miginia. He was wounded in the Battle of Point Pleasant, Lord Dunmore's mr, on the Ohio River, on October 10, 1774. This is considered to be the first major engagement of the American Revolution. He was an early Methodist; his wife was Martha Day, who was killed by the Indians in one of their savage attacks on Hillsboro, West Virginia. Their fifth child TA S!

HXTH GENERATION: Amos Kinnison. Born on January 9, 1780, and died March 10, 1860. He married Nancy Casebolt in 1802, who was born on May 24 1785 and who died March 18, 1870. Both are interred in the McNeel Gemetery, Hillsboro, West Virginia. Their second son was:

SEVENTH GENERATION: David Clayborn Kinnison. Born on June 24, 1812 near Hillsboro, in Pocahontas County, Vest Virginia. (At that time smouth la it was Greenbrier County, Virginia?) Died December 29, 1863, at Beaver, Pikes County, Ohio, having migrated there during the early statehood day of Ohio, and making it his home for the rest of his life. Family tradition is that he was captured by the Confederates during the Civil War and died of pneumonia in one of their prison camps after several veeks exposure to cold weather. He had four sons that served in the service of the Unit of cold weather. vice of the Union Army. They are as follows: Charles Henry, David, Hiran D. and Jacob McNeal. His wife was Catherine Dykes, (Sometimes spelled Dyche) who was born September 1815 in Virginia and who died in Pikes County. Ohio. In 1992 He was 1815 in Virginia and who died in Pikes County, Ohio, in 1889. "(*All the above copied from Don Kinmi son's letter.)

THE CLENDENNING FAMILY

I. Archibald Clendenning

II. Charles Clendenning slain by the Indians.

III. George Clendenning Charles Clendenning

IV. William Clendennin married Sallie Cockran in 1780. He settled on the Burgess place near Hillsboro occupied by John Payne in 1901.

V. John Clendennin married Catheryn Seybert and settled at Beard's Mill. He was baptized by the Rev. John McElhenny as a mere child. He had six sons. Catheryn at his seath married Jacob Kinnison 1828. VI.* William Clendennin, II, was apprentice of

Bayless G. Rupp of Frankfort. He married Jane Cochran and settled on the Seybert Place at the Mouth of Stamping Creek. (See picture of them at their home.)

John Clendennin married Rebecca Bird and lived at Byrd's Mill in Upper Greenbrier.

James Clendennin died in youth.

Sally Clendennin cared for her parents.

William Clendennin is the grandfather of Mr. George Clendennen, who lives in Hillsboro in his home next to the birthplace of Mrs. Pearl Buck. (See picture of Buck birthplace.)

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 - E. J. K. Marshall, Hillsboro, West Virginia.
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 - G. Dr. Douglas McNeill, Buckeye, West Virginia.
 - H. The late Mrs. Joseph S. McNeel.
 - I. The late Honorable Dr. Calvin Price.
 - J. Miss Roberta Dice Smith, Hillsboro, West Va.
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